THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1894. No. 217

..WHITE PINE BALSAM..
Cures recent and chronic coughs and colds. Made only at the P. P.P.P. by
C. E. JONES, Chemist,
Always Open. 36 Govt. St.

NOTICE.....

We are selling DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOCKS and all kinds of Jewelry at prices away below anything seen in the city before.

Fine lines of NEW GOODS constantly arriving, and everything guaranteed.

Our Manufacturing Department is the finest operated in the province, and all kinds of Repairing and Manufacturing is at Rock Bottom Prices.

Challoner & Mitchell,
47 Government Street.

THAT NEW DRESS

THERE was a gruff fellow once, who said that he never had to consult either the almanac or the weather to know that Fall was approaching. The clamor of the females of his family for new raiment was sign enough.

In deference to their demand, we have brought in the first installment of the new season fabrics, and invite the ladies to see them. We say nothing about the men. They can have the floor for a few remarks when the parcel comes in. Just now, silence with them is like the opportunity we present—golden.

THE NEWEST CREATIONS.

Snowden and Cheviot Tweeds
These goods are all wool 54 in. wide, stylish, and in nice autumn shades. They are first class value at 75c, 90c, $1.00, $1.10, $1.15, $1.25 per yard.

Serges and Diagonals
We have just opened a choice assortment, prices ranging from 50c to $1.25. We call special attention, however, to the 75c quality.

Aberdeen Tweeds
Heaky Scotch Heather Mixtures 42 inches wide, very serviceable, at 50c.

Amazon and Habit Twills
Strong, useful and cheap, at 35c.
We invite your personal inspection.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

WESTSIDE, August 21st, 1894.

THINK IT OVER

You will need a suit.
We make suits.
You want something for fall wear.
We have received our Fall Stock.
You will want a fit.
We make fits.
You will want something reasonable in price.
We announce surprising reductions.
Enquire about us and

THINK IT OVER

A. GREGG & SON,
Merchant Tailors, Yates St.

C. H. STICKELS . . . .
ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.
CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD.,
. . . . QUOTE AS FOLLOWS . . . .
Delivered to any part of the City.

Wheat	$1 25 per bun.	Oats	$1 50 per bun.
Bran	90 " "	Mixed feed	1 00 " "
Shorts	1 00 " "	Ground	1 10 " "

Our feed is manufactured fresh every day and is superior to the imported article. Patronize home industry by using our goods. TERMS—Net cash with order.

Telephone 44.

The undersigned are now prepared to supply.....

ICE Manfactuured from distilled Esquimalt water.

HYDROX Redistilled from Esquimalt water. A drinking water without impurities.

COLD STORAGE, BOTH ORDINARY AND BONDED.

The Dunsmuir Cold Storage and Ice Works
Store Street, Victoria.

OPERATIONS IN COREA.

Japanese Secure a Point of Vantage in Society Bay Opposite Port Arthur.

China Proposes to Purchase Chilean Navy—The New Japanese Commander.

London, Sept. 7.—A Shanghai dispatch says it is stated a strong force of Japanese troops have occupied an island in Society Bay. The Chinese were taken completely by surprise and offered no opposition. It is believed to be the intention of the Japanese to hold it for a basis of operations for an attack upon Port Arthur and other Chinese ports.

A Yokohama dispatch says Japanese Marshal Yeam Esato left for Corea on Thursday to assume command of the Japanese army in that country. It is said the Japanese forces in Corea will soon number one hundred thousand.

It is reported that the Chinese government has arranged to purchase a number of vessels comprising the Chilean navy.

A Tokio dispatch to the Central News says that the last reports from the front tell of heavy rains which have impeded military operations. The streams of the Corean peninsula have risen rapidly and much of the adjacent low land is partially flooded. The Japanese officers say it is unlikely that any important battle will be fought before the floods subside. Occasional skirmishes have taken place, they say, but neither side has tried recently to bring about a decisive action.

Some 18,000 Japanese occupy a strong position at Ping Yang. They have thrown up earthworks and have mounted heavy guns. The Chinese army, of about twenty thousand men, have taken up a position fronting the Japanese. The scouting parties from the two camps have met frequently and exchanged shots, but the mortality has been inconsiderable. The spirit of the Japanese troops is said to be all that can be desired.

Despite Japanese denials that there has been a general engagement, many wounded are arriving in Seoul. It is impossible to learn from Japanese sources whether or not they were injured in the skirmishes.

The Coreans attacked 50 Japanese foragers recently, and captured 30 of them, whom they handed over to the Chinese. The troops now coming from Japan are landed at Chemulpo. Twelve mountain guns and twelve mortars have been taken ashore at that point.

The Chinese fleet was at Wei-Hai-Wai on September 4th, and the Japanese fleet was off the southern coast.

SALVADOREAN REFUGEES.

One of the Prisoners Gives Evidence To-Day.

San Francisco, Sept. 7.—Col. Cienfuegos, who is charged jointly with General Ezeta with killing Thomas Canas near New San Salvador, resumed his testimony before Judge Morrow in extradition proceedings this morning. The entire morning's session was occupied by Cienfuegos giving evidence as to the state of politics in San Salvador since 1885 when he entered the army.

AN EIGHT HOUR DAY.

Request of the Labor Congress—Sir John Thompson's Tour.

Ottawa, Sept. 7.—At the trades and labor congress to-day a resolution was passed after considerable discussion to the effect that the congress welcome a delegation from the Patrons of Industry elected from their executive upon the same basis as district assemblies and trades councils are represented. This resolution was carried by a vote of 31 to 5.

The labor congress appointed a committee to wait on the premier to press upon the government the necessity of passing an eight hour bill. A lively discussion followed as to the running of street cars on Sunday.

Sir John Thompson goes on a tour of the Maritime Provinces to-morrow.

STILL IN JAIL.

Britishers and Americans Still Imprisoned at Matagua.

New York, Sept. 7.—The steamship W. G. Howes from Bluefields, arrived last evening. Little change is reported in the condition of affairs. The Americans imprisoned at Matagua are being treated with great consideration by the Nicaraguan government. There are 16 Britons and Americans confined in Nicaragua. The American warship Marblehead and the British warship Mohawk are still at Bluefields.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

Terrible Condition of Children Found at a Toronto Baby Farm.

One of Them Certain to Die and Another's Mind Probably Ruined.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—J. S. Coleman and Rev. J. E. Starr were successful at the children's court held by Magistrate Kingsford yesterday in their efforts to secure possession of five young children all under six years of age, that they found at an alleged baby farm at No. 2, Gladstone avenue, kept by William Lace and his wife. Lace has been under suspicion of having kept a baby farm for some time past and the police now think they have him within the grasp of the law. The evidence given yesterday revealed a horrible state of affairs. The children were all sleeping in one stuffy room, where, as one witness put it, "the light of heaven seems never to enter," with no bed save a filthy matted quilt spread on the floor and a small piece of flannel as a covering. When the police entered, the stench was almost unbearable, as the room was entirely destitute of ventilation. Lying in one corner they found what they thought to be a bundle of rags, but on investigation it proved to be a three weeks' old baby clothed in filthy garments, and the breath of life almost gone from its body. The child could not possibly have lived another day, and it is doubtful if medical skill can now save it from death. Its little body was raw from the toes to the small of the back and the holes were filled with vermin. Another little girl not more than four years of age presented a fearfully emaciated appearance, its little frame shrunk almost to a skeleton and the light of intelligence completely faded from its eyes. If this child's life is saved there is little hope of it ever being better than an idiot. When Mr. Starr went yesterday to execute the warrant giving him possession of the children, he found them closed in a small yard, with a goat and a number of fowls as companions. The magistrate gave the children over to the Children's Aid Society but it was feared the babe would die before the case was finished. Should the child die, Lace and his wife will be placed under arrest to answer to the charge of causing its death by negligence and ill-treatment.

Sarnia, Ont., Sept. 7.—Yesterday afternoon about five o'clock Mr. John Green, a well known farmer of Sarnia township, while returning home on the London road with his team, was killed by a freight train at the London road crossing of the Grand Trunk railway about two miles from the town. Both horses were also killed.

Three Rivers, Q., Sept. 7.—Mr. J. A. Gagnon's saw mills, situated across the St. Maurice river here, were wrecked this morning by a boiler explosion. Both ends of the boiler flew out and the building in which it was situated was scattered about for several hundred feet. The body of Fireman S. Beaumier was found at a distance of a hundred feet with the top of his skull blown off. He leaves a wife and three young children. The following were badly scalded and otherwise injured: Philip Gaudet and Dan Loranger, legs broken; Napoleon Sanstete, wounded by broken glass; Phil Mercier, Delphis Rocheleau, the Bundocks, father and son, seriously injured about the face; Joseph Carbonneau, cutter, legs hurt. The loss to the proprietor is quite heavy, as the mill is new and had just commenced to run.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—James Rivett, John Minnes and B. O. Furri went out in a boat duck shooting in Ashbridge's bay this mornig. They ran on a sandbar. One of them stood up to push the boat off, when his oar broke and the boat upset. Rivett lost his head and caught Furri about the neck and dragged him down twice, but finally Furri shook himself free and swam shore, reaching shallow water just as he became exhausted. Rivett and Minnes were drowned. Rivett was a married man.

C. R. Pears, of Bridge, a patient of the Toronto asylum for the insane, hanged himself yesterday with the cord of the window. He was a quiet patient, and had been allowed to go about without much watching.

Kamouraski, Q., Sept. 7.—Four lives were lost in a fire that broke out this morning in the house of David St. Pierre. The violence of the wind carried the flames to the adjoining houses, three of which were burned. The victims of the fire were: David St. Pierre, Dame Veuve Thadeparadie and Abraham Lapointe.

Inter-State Fair.

For the Inter-State Fair at Tacoma, the steamer City of Kingston has made a round trip rate of $5.70, including two admissions to the fair.

Tickets on sale every Tuesday and Friday, from August 14th to October 30th inclusive, with final limit of twenty days from date of sale.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent N. P. R. R. Co.

BOMB THROWERS ARRESTED.

An Anarchist Throws a Death Dealer Into a Turin Cafe, Wrecking It.

Healeyite Elected to Parliament Without Opposition—The Trades Congress.

London, Sept. 7.—The Count of Paris passed a bad night and is very weak.

Samuel Morris, a Healeyite, was elected to parliament for South Kilkenny yesterday without opposition.

By the explosion of a boiler on the steamer Tannansy, bound from Port Louis for Bombay, four people were killed and seven injured. The vessel was badly damaged.

The cafe San Carlos at Turin was wrecked last evening by a bomb thrown by an anarchist named Solero. No person was hurt. Solero has been arrested.

According to a statement of the National Zeitung the emperor struck off the names of three from the list of those invited to the banquet on the occasion of the kaiser's recent visit to Koenigsberg, on account of the course pursued by these gentlemen in the agrarian agitation which preceded the passage by the reichstag of the Russia-German commercial treaty. Count Friedrichstein, who was one of the strongest supporters of the Russian treaty, has been created Count of the Red Eagle.

The government has decided to send a gunboat to the Benin river, in West Africa, to suppress Chief Nana, whose tribesmen recently attacked and killed a number of British subjects.

A dispatch from Lima says the Peruvian government has not yet been able to bring on a decisive action with the insurgents, who refuse to fight and retreat whenever they are approached by the government forces. The government, the dispatch says, has no difficulty whatever in raising the money to pay the troops, but the Lima police have received no salary for two months, in consequence of which there is much discontent.

The war office has decided to issue volunteers' medals for long and meretorious service and distinguished conduct. Canadian volunteers will participate in these honors. The decorations will be issued under regulations identical with those in the regular army. The length of service required in the colonial forces will be the same. Power to grant gratuities with medals is left to the governors in council of the different British colonies. Colonial volunteers will be eligible for the long service medal recently instituted for English volunteers.

It is stated that many changes in the French diplomatic service are impending. M. De Grais, it is reported, will be recalled from London and M. Herbette from Berlin, and ex-Minister Spuller will succeed De Grais in London.

Advices from Fez, Morocco, say that a body of Moorish troops under the command of the Sheikh of Lamurani, while en route to Marakesch for the purpose of punishing some rebellious tribes, were met at Tadea by a strong band of tribesmen and completely routed.

The Emperor William, accompanied by the King of Saxony and Prince Albrecht of Prussia, left Koenigsberg this morning for South Altenberg, in the vicinity of which place military manoeuvres were held at an early hour. According to the plans of operation the forces under the command of General Von Plessen, of the emperor's staff, advanced from the south and attacked Koenigsberg on the river Pregel side, but were repulsed by the army of the north under command of General Von Woeder, of the first army corps.

Madame Henri Joniaux, of Antwerp, has been committed for trial on the charge of having murdered her brother, sister and uncle to get their life insurance.

In Galicia 168 cases of cholera and 90 deaths were reported to-day. Six cases of cholera were repotd in Oppelu.

At the trades congress to-day there was a prolonged debate upon the resolution to nationalize all the lands containing mines or minerals. Mr. James Kier Hardie moved an amendment that besides the land the whole means of production, distribution and exchange of the output of the mines ought to be nationalized. John Burns, M. P., Tom Mann and J. H. Wilson, M. P., spoke on the socialist side of the question. A few moderate delegates protested against the socialist contention, declaring that trades unions had done [illegible] socialistic doctrines that had ever been propounded. Amid scenes of wild enthusiasm a division was taken and Mr. Hardie's amendment was carried by a vote of 219 to 61.

The trades union congress adopted a resolution demanding prohibition by the government of the importation of pauper aliens. Sam Woods was elected secretary of the parliamentary committee.

The emperor of Germany, in a speech at a banquet last evening, said the burdens the farmers of East Prussia have had to bear during the last four years had made them doubt as to his ability to keep the promises made to them. Even in the circles of the nobility, he said, his best intentions were misunderstood and had been opposed. This opposition he characterized as monstrous.

Princess Bismarck has suffered a relapse.

A Batavia dispatch says Captain Lindgreen and his command are reported to be surrounded by Balinese. The Dutch have driven the enemy from their position at Arven.

Among the passengers by the steamer New York which sails to-morrow are Chauncey Depew and Lord Hawke and his team of cricketers.

Seven anarchists who participated in the explosion in front of the palace of the minister of war at Rome last May, have been arrested. Five have confessed.

New York, Sept. 7.—At the office of Drexel, Morgan & Co. it is emphatically denied that Vanderbilt and Rothschild are financial backers of the Southern railways. It was announced here, however, that the Vanderbilts held many stock.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—From 46 Hillside avenue September 6th, one fox terrier bitch; very small; black and white, with collar and padlock; name "Skip." Finder will please return to above number and receive suitable reward. A. T. Cotton. s7-1t

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT with or without board. 83 Superior street. s7-4t

WANTED TO RENT OR LEASE—Five (5) roomed cottage with bath room; must be modern and within a reasonable distance of the postoffice. F. ft., postoffice drawer 11. sep7-1t

Sports and Games. . .

The Committee on Sports and Games will meet in the City Hall this (Friday) evening, 7th inst., at 8 o'clock.
BEAUMONT BOGGS,
sep7-1t General Secretary.

Notice to Builders.

Tenders will be received up to 12 o'clock on Thursday, September 13th, for the erection and completion of two houses on Lampson street. Plans and specifications can be see at my office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
sep7-td THOMAS HOOPER, Architect.

I. O. O. F. NOTICE.

It is the intention to institute Peerless Lodge next Friday evening. All those gentlemen whose names are on the roll will please call at my office, 102 Douglas street, and have their names, ages, etc., filled in the proper blank forms for application by ballot; also get examined by Dr. Frank Hall, the new lodge medical practitioner.

The above meeting has been POSTPONED to FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14.
By order of the D.C.M.
sep7-td W. J. HANNA.

COOK'S ARCTIC EXCURSION.

Wreck of the Steamer Miranda Near Greenland.

North Sydney, Nova Scotia, Sept. 6.—The schooner Rigel, of Gloucester, Mass., Captain G. W. Dixon, arrived here yesterday, having on board the crew and passengers of the steamer Miranda, which left New York on July 7 with Dr. Cook's Arctic excursion. All parties are well. On August 7th the Miranda struck a rock near Sukkertoppen, West Greenland, and was abandoned in a sinking condition on August 23rd in Davis' strait, latitude about 61 degrees 15 minutes, longitude 58 degrees 40 minutes.

The particulars of the expedition's disastrous termination are as follows:

After repairing the damage sustained by the collision on July 17th the Miranda left St. John's Nfld., on July 29th and proceeded directly to Greenland. Much ice and fog were unexpectedly encountered off Cape Farewell. At one time the vessel came near being nipped in the floes, the rising of the fog disclosing ice all around. Considerable apprehension was felt by the officers, and visions of the fate of the Jeanette and Proteus expeditions rose among the passengers, for the Miranda was totally unfit to cope with the terrors of Arctic navigation. But fortunately a thin place in the floes was found and the ship was driven through to the southwest coast of Greenland, which was so blocked with ice that no landing could be made until August 1st, when the expedition reached Sukkertoppen, in latitude 59.25. Leaving this port on the morning of the 9th for Disco, the vessel had proceeded about seven miles at full speed when she struck with tremendous force on a hidden reef. Everything loose went flying about. A party at breakfast found themselves piled up with dishes and viands at the end of the cabin. Three times the high waves lifted the ship and let her down with a crash that shook her from end to end. When she floated off great excitement prevailed, as the vessel was seen to be settling. The boats were swung off, and everything was made ready to abandon the steamer. It was found, however, that the main injury was beneath the ballast tank, which filled so rapidly that the pumps could not control the inflow. But the water tight bulkhead protected the other compartments.

The situation of so large a body of excursionists on this inhospitable coast was not encouraging, especially when it was found that the Danish steamer which regularly visits the settlements had been stove in by the ice and would not arrive this year. It began to look as if the expedition might have to winter in Greenland, and short rations were served in anticipation of such a catastrophe. It was learned, however, through the Danish governor that several American fishing schooners were on the halibut banks, 120 miles north. To secure one of these vessels Dr. Cook, with Messrs. Rogers, Porter, Dunning and four Eskimos started for the banks in an open boat. After a stormy passage lasting ten days they found the Rigel and brought her to the assistance of the people on the disabled steamer, and the passengers were transferred to the Rigel. The Miranda then took the Rigel in tow and left Sukkertoppen on August 2nd, intending to proceed directly to St. John's, Nfld.

All went well for two days, but a heavy sea the second night weakened the top of the ballast tank, on which an enormous pressure was exerted, and it gave way on August 23rd. Three blasts of the whistle gave warning to the Rigel to stand by. The night was cold, dark and foggy, and the vessels bounded like balls on the billows. On board the Miranda all was in confusion. The firemen left the boiler room without permission and cut loose the lifeboat, which was immediately dashed to pieces against the ship's side. They were only kept in submission at the point of the captain's revolver. The carpenters tried in vain to stop the leak with blankets and mattresses, and at daylight, as the water was invading the coal bunkers and a storm was threatened, the ship was abandoned. The crew was taken on board the schooner. It was fortunate that the passengers were already on the Rigel, as a transfer could hardly have been effected under the trying conditions without loss of life.

Nothing except the sailors' bags were saved from the Miranda. The passengers lost all their baggage except the clothes they wore when they went on board the Rigel at Sukkertoppen. Many of them lost expensive scientific implements and hunting equipments. All the batonical and geological collections and the photographs, probably the finest ever taken in Greenland, were lost on the Miranda. Professor Diesch lost a fine lot of Labrador and Greenland birds. The journey forward was without interest other than the adverse winds and insufficient provisions, only ten days' supplies for forty men having been placed on the Rigel, and the addition of the Miranda's crew made ninety-one persons on board this little craft. The passengers had to hold on top of the salt and fish. Gulls and other sea birds constituted the only fresh meat of the party for the last ten days. Too great credit cannot be given to Captain Dixon and the crew of the Rigel for their efforts in behalf of those whom they had rescued. The party will have a banquet at South Sydney before leaving, at which time a handsome testimonial will be presented to Captain Dixon.

The lost Miranda was built in 1884 for the St. John and New York trade. She is famous as the vessel which lost the celebrated Leary timber raft off Long Island sound. She is said to have been insured for $99,000.

HE STOLE A RIDE.

And Suffered the Agonies of Starvation in a Box Car.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 6.—A loud thumping upon the door of a freight car, on the Reading Railway siding at West Falls station, attracted the attention of Willam Pfeigler, a brakeman, yesterday. He opened the door and the gaunt, emaciated figure of a man tumbled out upon the ties. He was so weak that he could not move and could hardly speak. The man said he was Theodore Marks, that he lived in Winchester, Va., and had entered the car at St. Louis where he had been at work. He lost his place in that city, and desiring to reach home, and having no funds, crawled in the car, which was loaded with barrel staves and hop poles on the Chicago, St. Louis & Akron Railroad. He lost track of the days before it was locked and started on its way, he knew not whither, taking his chances of reaching a point nearer home. He travelled in the box car without a drop of water or crumb of food. Two days after the start the train stopped at some place which Marks thinks was Pittsburg. He pounded and thumped on the sides of the car in an effort to attract the attention of he trainmen, but they either failed to hear him, or allowed him to pound without paying attention. When the train pulled out again his thirst drove him nearly wild and in his desperate craving for food he gnawed the tops of his boots. Three days more and the train stopped again this time he thinks at Bridgeport. He was so weak and exhausted that his efforts to draw attention to the car failed. The train started off again with a rush and Marks abandoned hope, but he was aroused into fresh activity by the stopping of the train again and the sound of voices over him. He again beat the door of the car, and when it opened he fell out in a faint. Brakeman Pfeigler lifted Marks up and the other trainmen got him some milk. He drank it with feverish eagerness, but his stomach rebelled. The trainmen notified a policeman, who, summoning an ambulance, had the starving man carried to the Philadelphia hospital. There it was reported that Marks' chance of recovering were not good. His stomach rebelled against taking nourishment and he is so weak that he cannot stand.

PERUVIAN TROUBLES.

Conspirators Attempt to Murder the Troops and Are Arrested.

New York, Sept. 6. The Herald prints the following from President Caceres of Peru: "Lima, Peru, via Galveston, Texas, Sept. 5.—Editor Herald: Barriga and other conspirators embarked at Chilaya as passengers on board of the steamer Coya. When out at sea they attempted to murder the government troops. The latter resisted bravely, killing two and wounding four. The others are under arrest. Pachro Cepedus, the revolutionist, having been attacked by the government forces, is fleeing fourteen leagues inland. He is being vigorously pursued. Tacna is occupied by Chile. Caceres, president."

THE GOLDEN STATE.

One of the Salvadorean Refugees Released.

Stockton, Cal., Sept. 6.—F. E. Wacksmuth, a deputy constable, was stabbed and killed at Tracy early this morning by J. Duffy, formerly proprietor of the Arlington hotel there. There were no witnesses to the tragedy, but it is said that bad blood had existed for some time between the two men. Others say that Madame Knowlin, the present owner of the hotel, with whom Duffy had been on intimate terms, figures in the case. Duffy came to Stockton after the murder and surrendered himself to the sheriff.

San Francisco, Sept. 6.—Judge Morrow this morning granted the motion of the defence for the dismissal of General Colocho, one of the Salvadorean refugees, on the ground that there was no direct evidence against him.

As arbitrator, Judge Stack decided today that the trustees of the James Lick trust must pay W. W. Story, the sculptor, $20,000, the balance withheld from him on the completion of the Francis Scott Key monument in 1888, on the ground that Story has not carried out the contract as agreed upon.

Judge Trott has decided that the officers and directors of the defunct Pacific bank are responsible for the deposits in the bank at the time of the failure. They are: Frank V. McDonald, James McDonald, Simon Meyer, H. G. Meyer, C. W. Breyfoyle, J. J. Mayer, Paul R. Maybury and Uriah Wood.

FOREST FIRES.

Death Rate Lower in All Places Except Hinckley.

Pine City, Minn., Sept. 6.—Last night's correct figures are of a character calculated to lower rather than to raise the total number of dead. There has been an increase over previous estimates at Hinckley, but the prospect of any considerable number remaining still in the woods is decreasing. The estimated loss of life is now placed at between 375 and 400.

The death roll at Hinckley is growing, but slowly. Early to-day the remains of seven bodies were brought in from the eastern county road. This brings the total of Hinckley's dead to 221, and in the vicinity of Hinckley to upwards of 230. As yet it has been impossible to approach the mill pond. The heap of saw dust and edgings which form its banks are still sending up blinding clouds of smoke. At Pine City the work of rescue still goes on.

West Superior, Wis., Sept. 6.—Along the line of the Omaha road south of here fires are still burning. At Superior Junction the fires were reported very bad yesterday, but at last accounts the town was still unharmed. A small settlement about twenty miles north of Iron River was burned last night, but the residents escaped.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Sept. 6.—Fisher Meadow, a small settlement, was wiped out yesterday. John Paul and James McCutcheon both lost their logging outfits and camps and a large quantity of logs. The Buchanan mill was also destroyed. The fire is said to be running towards Murray.

The only way to cure fever and ague is either to neutralize the poisons which cause the disease or to expel them from the system. Ayer's Ague Cure operates in both ways. It is a warranted specific for all forms of malarial disorders, and never fails to cure. Try it.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost you postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE OLD RELIABLE.

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

The Matches with a Reputation.

8,800,000 made and consumed daily.

TELEGRAPH.
TELEPHONE.
TIGER.
PARLOR.

PYTHIAN SUPREME LODGE.

Proposal to Expel Several Past Grand Chancellors.

Washington, Sept. 6.—The supreme lodge of the Knights of Pythias devoted its morning session yesterday to discussing the proposed new statutes, and adopted a new system of transfer of membership. Under former rules a member taking a card of withdrawal from a lodge ceased to be a member of the order and was obliged to apply for admission to another lodge on the same terms as one who had never been initiated. The new rules provide that by paying dues for ninety days a knight may retain his membership in his old lodge unless admitted to another within that time.

The committee to which was referred the question of the course to be taken toward the disloyal past supreme chancellors is ready to report, but declines to make known the nature of its recommendations until the report has been submitted to the supreme lodge. Three past supreme chancellors took part in the Indianapolis meeting of the German contingent when it was decided to defy the mandate of the supreme lodge forcing the printing of the ritual in the English language. For their action Supreme Chancellor Blackwell recommended in his annual report that they should be expelled from the lodge.

The report of the committee favoring exclusion of liquor dealers from future membership in the order, and the restraining of the German lodges from performing the ritual in their language are ready for presentation, but will probably not be considered until later in the session. It is understood the report upon several past supreme chancellors recommends that a committee be appointed to investigate the circumstances of the Indianapolis convention, and if the election of the meeting is found to constitute disloyalty, that the past supreme chancellor who took part be discharged from participation in the proceedings of the supreme lodge.

INTERSTATE FAIR.

Attendance Improving from Day to Day.

Tacoma, Sept. 7.—Rapidly all the vacant space in the several buildings of the interstate fair is filling up. Equally as rapidly are the crowds of visitors increasing. The people of the Pacific Northwest are giving evidence that they know and appreciate what the magnitude of the enterprise is. Under special act of congress all the bonding privileges that were extended to the world's fair at Chicago last year have been granted to the interstate fair. The result is that the exhibition now in progress is international in scope and the finest foreign exhibits brought to this country are shown here openly without the payment of duties. This unusual privilege has been the cause of a remarkably interesting foreign department being shown at the fair. Extensive though it now is, a number of valuable additions are on the way here from various bonded warehouses and foreign countries. An international jury of awards is to be formed within the next few days to pass upon all the exhibits shown in the fair buildings and award diplomas.

The attendance at the fair is improving from day to day, and there is no room for doubt that the enterprise is going to be a huge success. A number of small special excursions have been run already, but larger and more notable ones are being projected. The management is arranging special days as fast as possible. The dates so far chosen are as follows: Tacoma Ledger Children's Day, Sept. 8; Hoo Hoo Day, September 10; Joint Carter and Tacoma Day, September 12; Pioneers' Day, September 12; Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, September 14; Port Townsend (subject to change), September 20; Colored American, Eastern Washington and British Columbia, September 22; Ancient Order Foresters of America, September 24; Idaho Day, September 24; Independent Order Odd Fellows (subject to change), September 27; Seattle Post-Intelligencer Day, September 29; G. A. R. Week, October 1 to 4 inclusive; State Historical Society, October 1; Swedish American Day, October 3; Ancient Order United Workmen, October 6; Women's Congress of the Northwest, October 29, 30 and 31, November 1, 2 and 3.

Exhibits from all parts of British Columbia can be sent to the interstate fair free of expense providing they are directed to the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, Tacoma, Wash., care of Paul Schulze, Esq., general land agent. For exhibition. Be sure that the name of the shipper, with his county and station, is on each package. In that way due credit can be given each point for their exhibit. From these exhibits the Northen Pacific will take a few selections for their own exhibit which they are making for the land department, and the balance of the exhibit will be put to the credit of the district and county making it. These instructions are from Mr. Fulton, general traffic manager of the Northern Pacific railroad at Portland, Oregon.

DEATH OF A SOLID MAN.

He Weighed 640 Pounds and Lived in a Cottage with Boas for Pets.

John Hanson Craig, known the country over as John Powers, the "Kentucky Giant," died in Danville on Monday of dropsy, aged 46 years, says the Indianapolis Sun.

John H. Craig was said to be the largest man in the country. He was born in Iowa City, Iowa. His parents were persons of ordinary size. At the time of his birth he was an exceedingly large child and rapidly grew in weight, and when only a few years of age he weighed more than an ordinary man. When still very young he left his home and moved to Kentucky, where he gained the name of the "Kentucky Giant." Remaining in that state but a short time, he started out as a side show and museum freak. When his summer engagement was ended he settled down in Danville, this state.

During a visit to New York he met Miss Mary Kessler, daughter of a Hendricks county farmer. Her parents were average sized people, while she was of enormous weight. It is said that when she was a school girl she was so large that she could not walk in the aisles between the seats. Miss Kessler, then showing as a fat girl with Barnum, and Craig fell in love with each other, and before many moons had passed they were made one. The next summer they embarked in the side show business together, exhibiting with Barnum, Ringpaugh and many other circuses. In a few years Craig bought a small tent, hired a few tumblers, acrobats and other freaks and started out on the road. He showed in Indianapolis several times at state fairs and at the Eden Musee.

During the winter Craig and his wife lived together in a small one-story cottage on a very quiet street in Danville. In their house they kept several boa constrictors, which they exhibited with their show during the summer. At night, when Craig and his wife were ready to retire, the snakes were turned loose and given the freedom of the house. They would crawl over his bed, nestle themselves on his bosom and remain there the remainder of the night. The people living in the vicinity of Craig's house had a mortal fear that the reptiles would sometime sneak out during the night and devour the whole community. When Craig and his wife desired to take an outing they used a big red wagon similar to a moving van. They had a colored man for a driver. They sat in the wagon one behind the other, on a large bench.

About twelve years ago Mrs. Craig died. An Indianapolis firm made a coffin for the remains. The funeral was held at their cottage, and it was necessary to take out the window casings in order that the casket could be put in a two-horse wagon that was used to convey them to the cemetery, as a hearse was decidedly too small. It took 12 strong men to act as pallbearers.

Craig the next summer again took to the show business, but in a year or two he returned to Danville financially broke. He opened a little restaurant and peanut stand and did a thriving business. He always welcomed Danville people who came to see him, but strangers had to pay ten cents to view his enormous form. It is said that five men, standing close together, could easily be buttoned inside his overcoat. When he walked on the street the flesh of one leg would almost envelop the other at every step. He soon grew tired of quiet life and returned to the road. While in Minnesota he married again. His second wife was of ordinary stature. They moved to Danville and settled down. One child was born to them. Their married life was not a happy one and they separated, but were married again. They parted again last year.

Toronto, Ontario.

As Well as Ever

After Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cured of a Serious Disease.

"I was suffering from what is known as Bright's disease for five years, and for days at a time I have been unable to straighten myself up. I was in bed for three weeks; during that time I had leeches applied and derived no benefit. Seeing Hood's Sarsaparilla advertised in the papers I decided to try a bottle. I found relief before I had finished taking half of a bottle. I got so much help from taking the first bottle that I decided to try another, and since taking the second bottle I feel as well as ever I did in my life." GEO. MERRETT, Toronto, Ont.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy of action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Office: 90 Johnson St.

NOTICE.

Take notice that I shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me for the Ship Inn Saloon, situate on portion of lot 199, Victoria City, on the east side of Wharf Street in the City of Victoria, to George Thomson, of Victoria, B.C., saloon-keeper.

Dated this 30th day of July, 1894.

ROSS J. FERGUSON.

aug1-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Robert Dudgeon of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Telegraph Hotel," situate upon the east side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

J. MERIFIELD.

Victoria, B. C., 14th July, 1894.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquor by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Quadra's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTIETH,
Official Administrator.

Administering the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. aug5-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the Hotel Victoria, Government street, to William Wilson.

F. T. PATTON.

Victoria, B. C., August 9th, 1894.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that by deed dated the 6th day of August, A.D. 1894, and executed by all parties thereto on that date, Arthur James Rowbotham, of the City of Victoria, British Columbia, grocer, assigned all his real and personal property (save as therein mentioned) to Thomas Earle of the said City of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the benefit of all his creditors.

Said deed was executed by the said parties and the trusts undertaken by the said Thomas Earle on the 6th day of August instant.

All persons indebted to the said Arthur James Rowbotham are required to pay such indebtedness forwith to the said trustee, and every person having any claim against the said Arthur James Rowbotham is to send proof of such claim, with full particulars, to the said trustee within one month from this date, after which date the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate, having regard only to such claims as may have been sent in.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the trustee on the 21st day of August, 1894, at 2:30 p.m.

Dated this 6th day of August, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Trustee above named.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing

JOHN DODD,
Nanaimo, B. C.

jel-tf-d&w

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

THE HAUNTED SCHOOL.

An Interview With Its Teacher —Variations in the Mysterious Noises.

A Brave Act by the Young Lady—She Has Permanently Resigned the School.

(From the Toronto Globe.)

Miss Annie R. McKechnie, the lady who, until a few days ago, was teacher at the famous "haunted school house" in Grey county, is at present staying in Toronto, having definitely resigned her position as teacher and the resignation having been accepted by the trustees. Last night she was interviewed by a Globe reporter and entirely corroborated the article upon the occurrences which appeared on the 27th of this month; every detail, she said, was correct. Miss McKechnie is by no means the sort of young lady that would appear likely to be either the subject of any hypnotic influence, as has been alleged, or herself be the wielder of such a power in so irresponsible and erratic a manner. She is a bright, handsome and intelligent girl, and her clear cut features and decided expression indicate a determined and thoroughly sane mind. The change from the neighborhood of the school, where she was regarded with constant suspicion and was the object of considerable active hostility, has had a beneficial effect upon her health; but she still shows the ravages of the terrific strain which has been put upon her nerves. That she is a girl of great pluck and strength of mind is shown by the fact that on the neighbors circulating a story that every evening at 9 o'clock the apparition of a lady dressed in white was seen to pass from the new school house to the old one, she waited at the door of the old school house absolutely alone one evening until 9.30 o'clock. Needless to say, the apparition did not appear. There was no one within half a mile, and this speaks volumes for the lady's courage.

Some interesting details were given by Miss McKechnie of the nature of the noises which were heard. On the second day the barking sound, which was mentioned, was very pronounced; it seemed to come from four children in particular, two boys and two girls, and at one time it seemed as if the four were actually fighting; four distinct barks would be heard, one gruff, one quite high, and two midway, and these seemed to contend with each other; the atmosphere got close and heavy and set them all coughing. For a long time the sound followed these four children, and was especially loud when they sat with their backs to the wainscotting; when they were sent out it frequently would cease. Miss McKechnie stood up for the children, and this was declared to be a reason for thinking her responsible for the noises, though the train of reasoning is not very clear. One very singular circumstance mentioned by Miss McKechnie was that when the sound seemed to be coming from the children their breasts would heave and their throats move, though their lips would be perfectly quiet. The children did not seem to be aware of this, and to them the noise seemed to come from the nearest piece of wood, such as a desk. When the children were reciting the multiplication table the noise would accompany them; when they whispered it would be low, when they shouted it would shout as loud as they, and when they dropped from a sound to a whisper the sound would drop too. A girl sang, and the sound accompanied her. An odd circumstance was that the noise was never so loud when Public School Inspector Campbell was in the room; moreover, it would seem to avoid him and go from one corner to another as he followed it. The sound would then vary, and on the second day after moving back into the school from the temporary quarters it was of a whistling nature; Miss McKechnie counted 66 distinct whistles in one hour.

It is to be hoped that Miss McKechnie can be induced to teach at least one lesson in the new school house; so far the sound has been confined to the old building, and it will be of the greatest interest to ascertain whether the sounds would occur on her going to the new building; there are not a few who would be much surprised if the sounds were to prove not confined to the one building.

In connection with the explanation of the "phantom photograph" given by Mr. Fraser, Mr. G. F. Chapman, of Mount Forest, the proprietor of the photograph gallery from which the pictures come, writes as follows: "If the image appeared through a hole in the camera it would have done so with previous groups; and then again it seem strange this image appears at this peculiar time. I have taken other photos of the building, inside and outside, and no image appeared."

$150 A NOVEL.

Men Who Get That and Yet Make $5000 a Year at It.

I happened to say something about a man who claimed he was Bertha M. Clay, the 10-cent novelist, to the editor of one of the leading weekly story papers.

"That's nothing," said he, "there are dozens of Bertha M. Clays. I have had letters from twenty people, all men, asking me to read serials and declaring that they had written Bertha M. Clay's stories. Probably all of them told the truth. Writers for the cheap story papers lay no claim to literary merit, and care for money not for fame. They usually get from $150 to $400 for a serial of 65,000 words. This to the literateur may seem a beggarly sum, but a clever fellow can turn out twelve or fifteen a year and can usually market them. I know one man to whom I can say: 'Give me a detective story in ten days, and he will have it ready for me on the day I name. This man has a regular factory for serials and sketches which he calls his 'joinery.' His tools are a phonograph and a typewriter. He talks the whole story into the phonograph and then puts the tube to his ear while he sits at the typewriter. He transcribes this spoken manuscript on the typewriter, revising and amending as he pounds the keys. Then he reads it over and it is ready. The stories all read as if cast from the same mold and the plots of the various kinds of stories are much alike.

"Originality," continued this fiction-foundry man, "is something our readers won't have. This author writes under eight different names for me, and has an income of about $7000 a year. To earn this he has to write nearly two million words a year, or twenty-five ordinary books. Now and then a magazine writer sends us a short story, and then there is fun, for most of us are not well posted in literature. One editor of my acquaintance in particular knows almost nothing of literature. A man whose name is well known to the readers of Harper's periodicals sent him a short story of eighty thousand words. The editor answered that he would accept the story, but it would have to be revised. The remuneration would be $8. The author understood the editor to say $80, and said that while $80 was less than he usually received for a story of that length, he would let the editor have it, but, as he was very particular as to what appeared over his signature, he must have a proof. There was a panic in the office of the story paper until someone suggested that his manuscript be sent back on the ground that it was against the rule to submit proofs. Yes, ours is a queer branch of literature, but many men who write for me make more by their pen than any, except, perhaps a dozen of the best known authors of the world."—Moses P. Handy in the New York Mail.

RATTLESNAKES' PARADISE.

A Spot in Delaware County Which no Man Dares Enter.

The creek comes rushing down through a ravine at the head of which was built a dam for the storage of water to furnish power for a sawmill, situated on a small bluff on the river bank, which manufactured into lumber the original forest nearly a century ago. The land about the mill, perhaps half an acre, was then thoroughly cleared of stumps and roots for the storage of logs and manufactured lumber, and now produces a luxuriant growth of native grass. This cleared spot reaches back to a perpendicular cliff, fully two hundred feet in height, of shale rock, divided into layers lying at an angle of about 45 degrees. These layers of rock are separated by crevices, apparently at a rate distance, to be about ten inches in width, with a table a foot wide extending in front of each crevice, making the mountain side a series of steps of twenty-five feet apart.

These crevices, the depth and arc of which no man knows, are the homes of the "rattlers"; the ruins of the mill (known in the legendary lore of that section as the "Old Blue Mill") and the dam and the grass are their playgrounds. Meeting a native who had stepped in at the signal tower, I made enquiry of the cause of the great growth of grass, and why the owner did not gather the hay. He first asked me where I hailed from, because of my seeming ignorance of the snakes, and then said:

"Say, mister, do you know there ain't no man on the river who'd cut that grass if you'd give him this railroad? Why, man, that grass ain't been cut in mine and my father's day, and it just grows up and falls down year after year, and the ground has a right to be rich. I wear boots," (he had on boots with the tops reaching to the knee.) "but I wouldn't walk through that grass for the best farm in this country, for there is snakes there with 50 buttons on their tail, I don't doubt, and every button means a year, and them big fellers could strike away above your boot tops."

"Do all men hereabout wear boots?" I asked.

"I should remark they did," he said. "No women every comes here unless they walk on the railroad, and they shuffle by here pretty rapid.

"Do you see them boots? They're daisies;" pointing to the station telegraph operator, whose nether limbs I then discovered were encased in snugly fitting cavalry boots. "Everybody wears boots but them Eyetalyans that works on the track, and a rattler thinks too much of hisself to bother with such critters.

"Say! do you want to hear the snakes sing?" Not waiting for an answer he ran down from the tower to the railroad bank and threw a good-sized stone over into the thick growth of brush bordering the shore of the creek, and instantly an alarm was sounded and from the old mill and the dam and the grass the war cry of defiance and warning was rattled, and the snakes in the dens in the cliff took up the "refrain" and for fully ten minutes the air was filed with the noise as of a million 17-year locusts singing their native song.

"They're there, you see," he smilingly remarked, as he turned to walk away up the railroad track, "and you'd better not fool with them."

I did not need any further "advice" than the snakes had already given me, and I then made enquiries of the operator, who, by the way, is a native of that region. He said that he and his partner had a dead cinch on that job; that when the tower was first erected operators were sent out from the Port Jervis office, and the lonesomeness nearly killed them, for the tower is about mid way of a three-mile curve, with the railroad bounded by the mountain and river, but when the season opened and the great rattlers began climbing the tower steps they had "snakes" all the time, and simply would not stay there, and, in consequence, young natives who were more familiar with snakes learned telegraphy, and hold their position free from jealousy on the part of their brother operators. He said it was a poor day when one or more rattlers did not attempt to climb the steps, and several times the feat had been accomplished and the snakes were killed in the station. Many snakes in the course of the season are run over by the cars, and many are killed by the trackmen.—Port Jervis Gazette.

She—You serpent!
He (gallantly)—You snake charmer!

Vandyke Brush—What a lovely face Miss Hauton has. I should like to paint it.

Miss Gush—I doubt if you could improve on her own art.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is one of the few remedies which are recommended by every school of medicine. Its stength, purity, and efficacy are too well established to admit of doubt as to its superiority over all other blood purifiers whatever. Ayer's Sarsaparilla leads all.

Smoke Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco. Take no other. "Union" Make.

GERMANY'S WAR CHEST.

The Teuton Financially Ready for the Expected Struggle.

In an article on the war chests of Europe contributed by Prof. Heinrich Geffcken to the last number of the Nineteenth Century light is thrown on the capability of the German empire to support the cost of a prolonged contest with her French neighbor. Much inconception is current on the subject. No doubt Germany is a poor country, compared with England, the United States, or France; yet so considerable have been the national savings, so relatively light is the burden of her public debt, and so elastic is her financial situation, that she may fairly be described as fully prepared for even a protracted war.

As the nucleus of a military chest Germany has her so-called Kriegsschatz, or war treasure, of $30,000,000, lying in coined gold in the Julius Tower at Spandau. It is less generally known that there is another of the kind available in a national emergency. After the war of 1870-71 there was set apart a fund of some $140,000,000, consisting of first-class bonds, the interest on which has been applied to the payment of military pensions. The outlay for this purpose is continually decreasing through deaths, whereas the interest remains the same, and in the budget of 1893-94 figured for more than $6,000,000. In case of need these bonds could easily be turned into realy money, while the pensions could be transferred to the budget charges.

Another most encouraging feature of the financial situation is the fact that the German empire, compared with other great states, has a very small public debt. The annual interest upon it is less than $17,000,000, whereas France devotes to a like purpose more than $255,000,000 a year. It is true that many of the countries composing the empire have their state debts, but these, also, with one exception, are inconsiderable. The Prussian public debt is nominally large, owing to the purchase of railways by the government. At present it slightly exceeds $1,500,000,000, with an interest charge of a little over $60,000,000; but the outgo on this amount is more than counterbalanced by revenues from productive public property, the net income from the state railways in the last fiscal year have reached almost $90,000,000. There is, moreover, a net profit of more than $16,000,000 a year from the state domains, forests, mines, iron and salt works. So, too, is the Bavarian budget of some $82,000,000, there figures on the credit side a net income of $15,000,000 from public property. The empire itself has some public property, namely, the railways of Alsace-Lorraine, yielding a net revenue of $5,250,000, and the state's share, amounting to nearly $2,000,000, of the annual earnings of the Imperial Bank.

We speak of a country's fiscal condition as elastic when there is much room for increased taxation without undue pressure. Prof. Geffcken points out that in the important items of tobacco and beer the German empire is far from having reached the limit where taxation diminishes consumption. It is true that the Reichstag adjourned without accepting the proposed increase of the tax on tobacco; but the proposal seems reasonable enough when we larn that the income from the present tax is less than $3,000,000, while the higher tax levied is much lower than that levied in United States, and would scarcely have affected the price of the cheapest cigar. Insignificant, also, is the amount derived from beer, compared with what it safely might be. The beer tax of 1891-92 yielded in the north German states only $7,500,000, whereas a larger sum was drawn from the same source by Bavaria alone, which by treaty retains the right of taxing the beer and spirits consumed by her population of five and a half millions. There was between 1880 and 1891 a rise of nearly forty per cent. in the consumption of beer in the countries of the north German confederation; nevertheless, the Reichstag has thus far declined even to double the beer tax in those states. But of course in the event of war it would double or treble the present impost, and the increase would hardly be perceptible to the consumer.

Prof. Geffcken's conclusion is that not only is the German army the strongest in the world, but this would take the field, backed by a war fund of at least $155,000,000 in specie, and by finances so sound that large public loans could be obtained at low rates of interest.

MY MOTHER'S SONG.

When the thrushes cease their singing and
the wild bees leave the clover;
When the glory of the sunset fades and
leaves the heavens pale;
When above the hill and mountains misty
shades of twilight hover,
And the discords of the daytime far away
in distance fail;

When the rath wheat gently rustles, and
the timid aspens shiver,
And the west winds singing softly scent
from sleeping flowers bring;
When the peewits cry together plaintively
by brook and river—
Then it is I hear the old song that my
mother used to sing.

Round my neck I feel the pressure of her
fingers warm and slender,
As in sleeping dreams and waking I have
felt it many times,
Just as when of old I listened to that ditty,
quaint and tender,
Till the boughs that waved above us
caught the cadence of the rhymes;

And my heart throbs loud and quickly as I
hear it rising clearer,
Youth is mine, its hopes and visions,
dreams and plans are mine again;
Earth is fairer, life is sweeter—aye, and
heaven itself seems nearer
To me as I list in fancy to that ne'er forgotten strain.

—Chamber's Journal.

Do you have headache, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of appetite and other symptoms of billiousness? Hood's Sarsaparilla will cure you.

Live Men Always Advertise.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned at the Clarence Hotel, Victoria, B. C., under the style or firm name of "Wishart & Meldrum" has this day been dissolved and the business will henceforth be carried on as usual by George Gladstone Meldrum alone, who will discharge all the liabilities of the late firm and to whom all debts due to the late firm are to be paid.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1894.

JAMES WISHART.
GEORGE GLADSTONE MELDRUM.
a31-2w

MUNICIPAL.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF REAL PROPERTY.

Tax notices have this day been posted to all parties assessed for Real Property in the City of Victoria. If not delivered at residence, please call at postoffice for same.

CHAS. KENT,
City Collector's Office, Collector.
City Hall, August 28, 1894. aug29-1m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 10th day of September next, for the erection of a shed on the Agricultural grounds.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Buildings Inspector.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B. C., August 31, 1894.

Canada

. . SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT . .

Owing to the absence of so many upon holidays and the dullness of trade during the hot summer months, the publishers of the Art Portfolio of Canada (which has been announced for some weeks back in these columns) have decided upon suspending publication until September 15th next.

Parts one to eight can be had upon application.

Number nine will appear September 15th and one part each week thereafter until series is completed.

Canada is a perfect gem and should have a place in every Canadian household.

Use the Victoria Times Want Columns. Moderate Cost, Amazing Results.

NOTICE.

During my absence from the province Mr. Thomas Robert Smith, of the Temple Building, Fort street, Victoria, will hold my power of attorney with full authority to deal with my personal affairs.

ROBERT WARD.
Victoria, B. C., August 24th, 1894. a25-2w

BY-LAW.

A By-Law to enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $150,000 for Water Works Purposes.

Whereas it is expedient and necessary to raise a sum of money for extending and improving the supply of water of the water works of the city of Victoria to the inhabitants thereof, and for that purpose to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said city the sum of $150,000.

And whereas it will require the sum of $7734 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest.

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1894, is $15,559,370.00

And whereas it will require an annual rate of one-half of one mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest:

And whereas this by-law shall not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the lieutenant-governor-in-council.

Be it therefore enacted that the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $150,000 currency (or sterling money, at the rate of 4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling), and to cause all sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation, for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of $150,000 either in currency (or sterling money at the rate of 4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall bear date the 1st day of October, 1894, and shall be made payable in fifty years from the said date at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signatures to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures and coupons.

Sec. 5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency, there shall be raised annually the sum of $6,750, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $985.

Sec. 7. The said annual sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned shall be raised and levied in each year by a rate sufficient therefor on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the Municipality of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

Sec. 9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for by the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the 1st day of October 1894.

Sec. 10. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as the "Water Works Loan By-law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of August, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant [illegible] Bastion Square, for Central ward; and at the building known as No. 27 Government St (east side), for South ward, on Tuesday, the 11th day of September next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., August 28th, 1894.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN.)
Removed to 192 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Sherfelt, Gorge Road.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.). Office at Brar's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tf

MUSICAL.

MISS A. FOX
Has resumed music teaching at 36 Mason street.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jameson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dyel Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the Society's Rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5746, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government str. et. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUROIS MAEON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard Street, on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

REDUCED RATES!

Teeth Extracted - - - 50 cts
Children's Teeth - - - 25 cts
Plates - - - - - - - - $15 00

Also Fillings at Rates to Suit the Times.

A. A. HUMBER, D.D.S.
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.
OFFICE: 93 1-2 Douglas Street, next to Oddfellows' Hall. aug18-tf

Surprising Reduction in Dentistry Charges.

[illegible] ber plate when you can get a gold one for a few dollars more.
We will for one month from this date make a reduction of 50 per cent in gold plates. This is simply to introduce a genuine 20k gold plate to the people of Victoria.
This plate will last a lifetime and will never require repairing. People will wonder how we can do it, and probably think that inferior workmanship will be done, but we wish to dissuade you of any such notion. Our idea is to make a plate to please the public and get them to try us; consequently we must give an inducement. We will not make any money on these plates, but will feel assured that every plate we make will bring us others. Remember the price will remain as stated for one month only from September 1st to October 1st.
Dr. Findley has charge of this branch and his ability as a mechanical dentist is too well-known to need further mention.
DRS. FINDLEY & BAKER.
OFFICE: 86 1-2 Government street, next to Bank of Montreal.

Gold and Silver Extraction.

The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld., of Glasgow, (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process).
Is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.
All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.
All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. [illegible]

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A waitress. Balmoral hotel. sep6t

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED—Work by the day or good general help; understands cooking. Address M. B., 162 Pandora street. sep6-3t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—The balance of two Building Society appropriations, about $1,150 each. For particulars address P. O. drawer 68. sep6 2t

FOR SALE—Nine shares in the Victoria Tramway Co. at $5 per share; one share in the Board of Trade Building Association for $75. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. aug10

FOR SALE—200 acres near Alberni Townsite reduced to $1,000, payable $200 cash and balance for 3 or 4 years at 7 per cent. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

FOR SALE—The formulas for well known proprietory medicines, favorably known in the north-west of the United States and in the east, the rights to manufacture and sell in British America; none but responsible parties need answer. Address H. F. Smith, 739 R.R. Tacoma, Wash., U.S.A. a17-1m

TO LET.

TO LET—Three miles from postoffice, six acres, new house, barn, driving shed, chicken house, about 130 fruit trees, small fruit; land in high state of cultivation; rent $15 per month. Apply to 89 Fort street. sept-6t-oed

NICELY SITUATED and well furnished house to let. Address P.O. box 595, city. aug 24

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

BOARD AND LODGING.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET.—With or without board; large front room with fireplace; desirable location. Apply No. 6 Douglas street.

MISCELLANEOUS

TWO LOTS WANTED—To purchase, in the vicinity of Beacon Hill Park, or in some position affording a view of the straits; give location and lowest price for cash. Address "Blunder," Times office. s5

FOR THE FALL—Tailor-made gowns, coats, clothes; newest styles; moderate rates. 93 Yates street, over Cochrane & Munn's. aug23-1mo

LADIES INVESTIGATE De Lamonton Cutting School. Perfect system with or without seams easily learned. Lessons Free. Agents wanted. Room 73 Five Sisters Block. aug18-1mo

A GOLD MINE in this adv. for you. Send at once. Your name neatly printed on 12 lovely cards (hidden name), 1 package comic acquaintance cards, dictionary of dreams, songs, recipes and sheet of scraps for 15 cents. Salem Card Co., Yarmouth, N. S. 28-1m

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS C. G. FOX
Re-opened her school August 13th.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.
The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.
First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
fel3 s,m,(& w 1y)
Autumn term begins MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

The Daily Times.

THE HOUSE TO MEET.

The provincial government has decided to call a meeting of the legislature for the first or second week of November, and the necessary proclamation will shortly be issued. This announcement will not be likely to take the public by suprise, for there has been a general understanding that an early sitting of the house was "on the cards." There has also been a general appreciation of the situation which makes this unusual step necessary, and which can be summed up in those three words so obnoxious to the premier and the organs, "an empty treasury." With all their perfunctory denials and strenuous assertions they have not been able to conceal from the public the true state of affairs. The fact is well known that the year's revenue and the remnant of the loan were not sufficient to meet the ordinary obligations of the government, much less to cover the extraordinary outlay called for by the flood damages. For a time the deficit could be met by overdrafts and special warrants, but these makeshifts could not be continued for a large portion of the year, and so the house must be called together to authorize a new loan. Thus the people will have the pleasure of seeing another burden laid upon the credit of the province, which the Vancouver organ of the government said some time ago was "already at the straining point."

THE RAILWAY POLICY.

The Times has more than once had occasion to comment on the policy of the Canadian Pacific, which by means of unreasonable freight rates manages to keep down its own traffic and to impede the development of the country through which it runs. Such a policy is a mystery to the ordinary individual, who in his ignorance naturally supposes that a railway company's object should be to develop all the traffic possible along its line; but then the railway mind has a capacity for entertaining considerations which the ordinary intellect cannot grasp. A few more figures in illustration of this freight rate anomaly may be of interest. The C. P. R. rate on flour in carload lots, 125 barrels to the carload, from Vancouver to Agassiz, a distance of 62 miles, is 30 cents a barrel. From Vancouver to Ashcroft, 195 miles, it is 54 cents a barrel. The rate from Minneapolis to New York via the Soo line and North Bay, a distance of 1410 miles, is 45 cents a barrel; from Duluth to Montreal, between 1300 and 1400 miles, 65 cents a barrel.

Wheat can at present be purchased from the Northwest farmers at 40 cents per bushel, and the freight on this over the C. P. R. to coast points is 36 cents a bushel, making the total cost to coast millers or dealers, 76 cents. Walla Walla wheat can be laid down in Victoria for 61 cents, which includes the duty of 35 a ton. Portland is known to be one of the most expensive places to buy in, but wheat bought there can be laid down in Victoria at 63 3-4 cents, including the duty. The C. P. R. apparently does not care to carry Northwest wheat to the coast at a fair profit to itself and for the Northwest farmers' benefit. It would rather see other people bring Washington and Oregon wheat here.

LOTTERIES.

The Times is credibly informed that the mania for gambling in Chinese lotteries was never so universally practised as at the present time. The "hard times," instead of proving a deterrent to the vicious habit seem to act as an incentive. An easy means to acquire money, without working for it, is sought for more eagerly, perhaps, when money is scarce and work cannot be obtained. The devil, we are told, finds mischief for idle hands to do. The investment in a Chinese lottery ticket may be as small as ten cents, and hence the very poor, who are not restrained by moral considerations, find in the "game of the white dove," an opportunity to risk the "hazard of the die," with the invariable result that their last dime finds its way to the till of the lottery company. Very poor women have been seen, within the past few days, purchasing lottery tickets, and with eager expectancy again returning to the agents' houses only to learn that the fates were unpropitious. Many of our young men play the game regularly. Commercial travellers find an amusement and excitement in working "a system" that systematically fails in everything but adding to the expense account. The lottery is carried on under the very nose of the chief of police, who seems powerless to stop it. The police commissioners, the police magistrate, the mayor and council, the clergymen, the press are not ignorant of what is daily and openly going on. But nothing is done to eradicate the evil. Why? It is for the paid enforcers of the law to answer.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The statement of the liquidator of the Leslie E. Keeley Institute Company of Canada, insolvent, has been issued. The assets are represented by $600, proceeds of the sale of rights and movables of the company by tender. The liabilities are represented by $129 liquidator's expenses, $616 privileged claims, and some $13,000 odd unprivileged claims, the holders of which stand to get nothing. It is an interesting question whether the institute came to grief because of the absence of the necessary material to work upon, or because the gentlemen who might have provided the subjects preferred their "jags" to the cure.

At the recent meeting of the American Bar Association at Saratoga, Judge Moorfield Storey, of Boston, read a paper dealing with the appointment of legislative representatives to districts. He paid special attention to a well known political device which he thus describes: "There is an ancient wrong, native, I regret to say, in Massachusetts, but readily adopted elsewhere, which seems to grow with our growth and strengthen with our strength. I refer to the practice known as 'gerrymandering.'" Judge Storey's cure for the gerrymander evil is to take redistribution out of the hands of the legislative bodies and entrust it to impartial judicial tribunals, like the state supreme courts, who could either do the work themselves or delegate it to commissioners of their own appointment. Judge Storey's view is undoubtedly correct, and it would be well if his suggestion were adopted in Canada, both by the Dominion and the provincial legislators.

MAY BE A CANDIDATE.

Chauncey Depew Modifies His Statement.

London, Sept. 7.—Depew in an interview to-day says his business interest is too great to allow of his running for governor of New York. He added that he would not say that under no circumstances would he refuse the nomination, because there are circumstances under which he might. He declared that the nomination of his party would receive his hearty support. The coming contest, he said, would decide the presidential election. He had no doubt the Republicans would win. With regard to the Senatorial situation, he thought the bottom had been reached and said he expected rapid recovery.

Eastern Oysters.
Celebrated Eagle Oysters, fresh every steamer, now in stock. Dixi H. Ross & Co.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal World's Fair, San Francisco.

AMERICAN DISPATCHES.

Dense Fog Causes Accidents in New York.

New York, Sept. 6.—The striking clothing workers continue to wage the fight against the sweating system. A number of firms settled with the strikers to-day, on terms favorable to the men.

The strike of the union carpenters against the present system of "jumping" is rapidly spreading. It is asserted by the strikers that there will not be a union carpenter at work in the city at the end of the week.

The manager of the Standard Oil Co. denies that any negotiations have been entered into with the Russian Oil Syndicate for the purpose of controlling the petroleum trade.

Chicago, Sept., 6.—In to-day's proceedings in the United States court against Debs and others in connection with the recent railway strike testimony introduced by the government shows that the strikes were ordered after the Woods-Grosscup injunction was issued. The defence pointed out that the authenticity of the telegrams ordering the strike had not been established.

The Viking ship was raised last night. She will be repaired.

Pottsville, Sept. 6.—The report of an extensive cave-in at Scotch valley, near Lofty, is groundless. The place, however, is very unsafe, owing to the worked out condition of the mines there.

Cleveland, Sept. 6.—While the steamer City of the Straits was leaving the dock last night with a party of excursionists she collided with a schooner. Three of the excursionists were slightly injured. Both vessels were badly damaged.

New York, Sept. 7.—Dense fog this morning caused numerous accidents in this vicinity. An engine at the Jersey Central dashed into a disabled passenger train. The passengers were shaken up, and the baggagemaster seriously injured. A schooner crashed into the Staten Island ferry boat in the bay but was only slightly damaged.

Teachapi, Cal., Sept. 7.—A collision took place on the Southern Pacific railroad about fifteen miles north of this place this morning between northbound passenger train No. 20, and southbound freight No. 22. Particulars cannot be obtained further than that 15 cars were badly smashed up. No passengers were injured beyond a shaking up. Fireman Bell of the freight train was hurt slightly. No lives were lost. The accident is said to have been due to the failure of the passenger train to wait for No. 23 as ordered.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The funeral of ex-Governor Stoneman of California took place to-day with military honors. The remains will be sent to Jamestown for burial.

New York, Sept. 7.—In an interview to-day Dr. Parkhurst denounced the police commissioners and declared their breaking of captains, etc., to hide their own dishonesty is cowardly. He expressed the belief that if the people of New York could rid themselves of bosses an honest mayor could be elected.

The Brooklyn ferry boats Pierport and Whitehall collided at the pier. There was a panic among the passengers, but none were hurt. The boats were slightly damaged.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Secretary Cumberland, M. D., of the board of health, reporting to the marine hospital service of the death of Walker, the cholera suspect, says the man died after several hours illness and that the body became rigid in less than an hour. The surgeon-general says he will await a fuller report before venturing an opinion.

South End, Oklahoma, Sept. 7.—The county bank suspended yesterday. The liabilities are seven thousand dollars.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7.—Charles Cramp, of the shipbuilding firm, says he has heard nothing in regard to the suit against the firm for three hundred thousand dollars by Captain Lindburg of New York for the alleged violation of patent for the construction of hulls of ocean steamers.

NANAIMO NEWS.

The Lobb Case Again Remanded—A Procrastinating Justice.

Nanaimo, Sept., 7.—S. W. Lobb was again brought up yesterday on the charge of murdering his wife. Mr. A. Lobb assisted by Mr. F. G. Cane appeared for the defence.

R. Jamieson was the principal witness the prosecution depended on and counsel for the defence objected to his evidence on the ground that he was not in the city when the occurance took place. What the prosecution wanted to prove was whether the witness knew of the accused's demeanor and habits, but the defence objected so strongly to this evidence that Magistrate Planta further remanded the case for eight days in order to carefully consider the objection.

A Liberal Conservative association is to be formed in this city providing the meeting called for next Tuesday night turns out successful.

A foot pad attempted to hold up a deck hand of the City of Nanaimo but instead of carrying out his plan he had his head smashed for his trouble.

The fire laddies propose holding a series of dances during the winter months for the purpose of raising funds for the department. The boys intend making the evening as attractable as possible. Good music will be provided and they hope to make them a success.

Chief McKinnon went over to Vancouver this morning for the purpose of bringing over Mah Kee, who absconded about two years ago with the funds of a Chinese secret society in this city of which he was treasurer.

The accounts of Treasurer Weeks, of the M. & M. L. P. A., appear to be unsatisfactory, and much indignation has been aroused among the members. The committee are investigating the accounts and their report will be made next Monday night.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

The stables of Frank Robertson, of Marquette, were struck by lightning and burned together with twenty tons of hay and a valuable horse.

In considering the school ordinance, the Northwest assembly adopted a motion providing that the Lord's prayer be read at the opening exercises of the schools.

The Dominion Safe Deposit Warehouse and Loan Co., Toronto, which was organized a few years ago, with a nominal capital of one million, is to be wound up.

The Standard Oil Company is negotiating for the purchase of stock of the Ontario Natural Gas Company, of Windsor. The latter is said to be asking $2,000,000.

A movement is on foot at Montreal among the hotel men to organize themselves into a society similar to the Dominion Alliance, their object being to fight the latter on its own grounds.

Le Crotx, a French Roman Catholic paper published in Montreal, sharply censures Mr. Laurier for having attended a Methodist service in Sault Ste Marie. It hints that his action was a political move.

Sub-Collector Neal, at St. Mary's, Alberta, has decamped leaving a shortage in his accounts. The government, however, will not suffer, as the bond from the guarantee company more than covers his shortage.

The Kingston penitentiary boat house and steam yacht lying therein were burned on Friday night. The prison alarm bell ringing caused great excitement among the convicts, who thought the prison was on fire.

Word has been received from the east stating that Sir Charles Tupper, minister of marine and fisheries, had consented to visit Manitoba and the Territories, and deliver addresses in the interests of the Conservative party.

Word has reached Winnipeg of the death by forest fire in Minnesota, of two ex-Winnipegers. They are Churchill Martin and his son Ernest Martin. The father was employed as porter on Superintendent Vanderslice's car and his son was engaged at the Manitoba hotel baths.

The water has seldom been so low in the St. Lawrence as at present. In the ship canal between Montreal and Quebec it is "dead" low, at 27 feet 6 inches. The harbor officials think it may go at least one and a half feet lower at Montreal, which would be the lowest on record.

Advices have been received by the immigration department of the disappearance of a party of 27 young men and lads from England, under the auspices of Dr. Barnardo. The party left Liverpool on August 30, by the steamer Laurentian, of the Allan line. They form part of a large number of girls and boys who are to be sent to Canada, and have been specially selected for Manitoba.

The superannuation fund committee of the Methodist church met at Toronto. The fund is in a healthy condition. The revenue of $90,000 is considerably over that of last year. The invested funds exceed $200,000, being $3,500 more than last year. There will probably be some discussion over the editorship of the Christian Guardian at the general conference in London. Last year there was an effort to oust Dr. Dewart.

Professor Robertson, dairy commissioner, states that the Prince Edward Island cheese will be sold this year by tender, to meet complaints that it was sold on private terms to a few exporters. There are 5,500 of June and July now ready, of which samples are coming up. He reports the hay crop of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick 50 per cent. over average. The apple crop will be good, and prices asked are high, $4 per barrel in the orchard being asked.

In the happy days of the Toronto land boom a syndicate bought a hundred acre lot with well stocked trout ponds, overlooking Lake Ontario, for $200,000, from David Kennedy. Some of the syndicate recently got tired of carrying it and Mr. Kennedy has agreed to take back the acres from them, and they will lose $27,000, being their share of $90,000 they paid. A good price for the land would be $500 per acre, and indeed there is a good deal of "fancy" in that figure.

The other day a violent wind, lightning and rain storm broke over Toronto, and continued until late in the night. At the exhibition grounds a small Ferris wheel was demolished and other structures damaged. Emery Souncrant, a tight rope walker, who came from Chicago to fill an engagement at the exhibition, was struck by lightning on the ground and instantly killed. The fluid struck the metal frame of his valise, thence entering the body. A companion was stunned by the same flash.

The departure of Mr. W. A. Ross, M.P., for Ottawa has again revived the rumors at Winnipeg that Lisgar will be opened this month. One of the most prominent Conservatives in the province stated that the constituency would certainly be opened before many days. The challenge, he said, was thrown out by Mr. Martin at Mr. Laurier's meeting to open Lisgar, and that as they had not done so to date it was stated that the Conservatives were afraid. This challenge, he said, had been accepted, and both parties would prepare for a contest without further delay.

THE WANDERER'S CASE.

Customs Department Hold the Schooner to Be Free From Liability.

The appended dispatch has been received from Ottawa: "In the case of the British Columbia sealing schooner Wanderer, which was brought to Victoria by a United States cruiser under arrest and handed over to the British government on a charge of having guns and powder on board unsealed after she had been officially inspected, the minister of marine has ordered Collector Milne to have [illegible] He decided that no offence had been shown and that the Wanderer had complied with all the instructions."

Collector Milne could not be seen to-day, as he is confined to his home with an attack of rheumatism, but it is unlikely that he would have said anything about the case as he declined to yesterday. It is rather difficult to predict just what will be done in the case, as it is impossible to get any information on the subject. There seems to be an opinion that the matter is entirely in the hands of Rear Admiral Stephenson. There is a customs officer aboard the boat, but she is not in the custody of the customs department. The next few days will probably see some developments in the case.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B. C.

To the Electors: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote. J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

"CORONAS," $4 per doz.
Former price $7, and a large
"CRAYON," $1.00.
"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Oil stoves at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Drink Hydrox re-distilled from Esquimalt water, free from all impurities. Telephone 44.

—We are selling some odd curtains, etc., and the funny part of them is the price. Weiler Bros.

—Your child needs healthful exercise. We have swinging clubs and dumb bells. Wieler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street.

—The sports and games committee in connection with the coming agricultural show will meet at the city hall this evening.

—Fernwood lodge, C. O. O. F., will meet this evening when officers for the ensuing term are to be nominated. A full attendance is urgently requested.

—The following promotions have been made in No. 1 company, B. C. B. G. A.: To be sergeants, Corporals Wilson and Cave; to be corporals, Bombardiers Holmes and Richdale and Gunner Wilkerson; to be bombardier, Gunner Russell.

—The congregation of St. John's church will go on an excursion to San Juan Island on the steamer R. P. Rithet to-morrow. The steamer will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf at one o'clock and a few hours will be spent on the island. An orchestra will accompany the excursion.

—A meeting for the purpose of arranging for a ball in connection with the fall exhibition of the agricultural association was held yesterday at the office of H. E. A. Robertson. Those present were D. R. Ker, B. Wilson, J. A. Aikman, W. E. Dowlen, A. J. Dallain and Mr. Robertson. Mr. Dallain was made secretary, with Mr. Dowlen as assistant, and they were instructed to make all necessary arrangements. The date fixed upon was Friday, Oct. 5.

—Lieut.-Col. Peters, D. A. G., has issued orders postponing the inspection of the various companies of the B. C. B. G. A. until the completion of the course of instruction under Major Rawstorne, and those members who desire to take the course of instruction will attend in uniform, drill order, at the drill shed at 8 o'clock Monday evening, which by the way is the night set for the Laurier meeting. Lieut.-Col. Prior has ordered all drills of the headquarter companies discontinued until December 31.

—The monthly at home given under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., was held yesterday at the residence of Mrs. McNaughton, Devonshire road. The meeting was very well attended and enjoyed by all. A full report of the convention held recently at Vancouver was given by Mrs. Jenkins. This last convention was voted by all to be the best held in British Columbia and shows the work is grandly gaining ground. This was followed by a reading by Mrs. Gould on a loss of power or the power gained by wearing the white ribbon. After refreshments and social discussion the pleasant gathering came to a close.

—Captain J. E. Clements and Miss Bella Leckie were united in marriage last evening by Rev. S. Cleaver at the Methodist parsonage, Quadra street. A reception at the house of Robert Pinkerton, Fort street, followed the ceremony, and the couple received the hearty congratulations of their friends. They left this morning on the steamer Rosalie and will visit the cities of the Sound. Captain Clements is pilot of the City of Kingston, has scores of friends all over the northwest, and is particularly popular with the travelling public. Mrs. Clements is a very popular young Victorian who has resided here a number of years.

The [illegible] arrived at Whatcom, Lieut. Norton in command, for coal. Commander Brice is sick at Unalaska. The Adams left Unalaska August 18, when the Concord and Petrel left for China. The Adams left Sitka August 27, and was preceded by the Rush, with Assistant Secretary of War Hamlin, for Port Townsend. When the Adams left no sealers had been caught. The warships are cruising on the 60 mile limit, but the seals run out two hundred miles for food, and the sealers could get them outside the limit. The Adams went aground in Behring Sea during thick weather and was gotten off a few hours later, somewhat damaged. The Yorktown convoyed the Adams to Sitka.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—The Jackson case was remanded in police court this morning until Tuesday next.

—Bark Detroit came off the marine ways last evening and the Northern Hay went on this morning.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—An executive meeting of the Victoria Canoe club is called for Wednesday, September 12th, at the club house at 8 o'clock in the evening.

—The passengers from San Francisco by the Umatilla for Victoria are: Miss E. Horton, Rev. J. E. Ecclestone, D. Moore and wife and F. G. Temburg.

—Dr. G. L. Milne returned last evening from Vancouver, where he went to hold a medical council examination. There was only one candidate, and he was not successful.

—A number of lunch pails—and before lunch hour at that—were stolen from the men working on the Cormorant street sewer several days ago. Chinamen are supposed to be the culprits.

—There are already 130 names on the charter members' list of Peerless lodge, I. O. O. F. All the grand officers being unable to be present this evening, the list will remain open for another week.

—B. B. Hardwicke, agent general in Canada for Pyle's Pearline, spent yesterday in town. Owing to this visit of Mr. Hardwicke's Pearline is now retailed on all grocers at 25 cents per pound.

—Over $1,200 has been collected by the committee for the celebration during exhibition week. Of this amount $900 has been voted for sports and games, the committee for which will meet this evening to arrange the programme.

The Victoria & Sidney railway is going to give Victorians an opportunity to visit the source of the water supply before to-morrow evening's meeting. A train will leave the Hillside avenue terminus at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, returning at 4, giving those who wish it lots of time to gather and prepare data for the meeting.

—The new brew from the Excelsior brewery, formerly Fairall's, will be ready for delivery to-morrow morning. O'Brien & Varrelman, the proprietors of the Excelsior, have every means of turning out good beer, and there is little doubt but it will be good. Mr. Varrelman established his reputation as a brewer when in charge of the Phoenix brewery.

—Magistrate Macrae had several Indian liquor cases to deal with this morning. Sam Jones, a Cowichan Indian, who was found drunk on the streets, was convicted and fined $5, with 1 costs, and in default was to go to jail for twelve days. Billy, a Cape Mudge siwash, who was found with whiskey in his possession, was on conviction fined $25, with $1 costs and in default 30 days' imprisonment with hard labor. Alfred Elliott, who supplied Billy with the liquor, was fined $50, with $2 costs added. The fines will probably be paid in every case.

—Miss Birdie Anderson and Miss Elizabeth Johnson, two colored women who occupy a disreputable house on Chatham street near the foundry, got into a row last night, and Birdie smashed a big sugar bowl over the Johnson woman's head. The blow cut the woman's head severely, and the force of it was so great that she was unconscious for some time. Miss Anderson was charged with committing an aggravated assault and in the police court this mornig was convicted. Magistrate Macrae ordered her to pay a fine of $10 with $2 costs, or in default to go to jail for 30 days.

—The funeral of the late John W. Arnold took place yesterday afternoon, and was under the auspices of the members of the I. O. O. F., who turned out in a body. The funeral proceeded from the family residence on Second street, to St. John's church, where services were conducted by Rev. Percival Jenns. The same clergyman officiated at the grave, where the burial service of the order was gone through with. The pallbearers, who were as follows, were all from Dominion lodge, of which deceased was a member: G. Glover, L. Cousins, J. E. Phillips, R. A. Babington, Joshua Holland and Gavin Fowlie.

—A telegram received yesterday evening by Dr. Milne announces that Hon. Wilfrid Laurier and party will arrive here to-morrow evening instead of Sunday evening. The programme arranged for Victoria and other places thoughout the province will not however be changed in any respect. It will simply give the Liberal leader a quiet Sunday for himself, on which he can take a rest, very likely much needed by this time. The members of the special reception committee will go to Vancouver in the morning and will meet Mr. Laurier on the arrival of the Pacific express. There will be a big turn-out here to receive Mr. Laurier and the B. C. B. G. A. band will be on hand to furnish music.

—Although no complaint has been made to the police about the matter, a well-planned effort to rob one of the white gambling houses in Chinatown by a crowd of Chinese was made night before last. The Chinese [illegible] place and at a signal began an uproar, followed by a desperate assault upon the white men in charge. Packages containing sand and pepper were thrown in their eyes. How successful the Chinamen were in stealing the money is not known, but it is quite likely that they desired to scare the white men as much as anything else. There is a general desire to hush the matter up and there are very few who [illegible] about the matter at all. The Chinese are making every effort to keep the white gamblers out of Chinatown.

—The steamer Rosalie brought in 44 1-2 tons of freight this morning.

—A collection of dogs, numbering 8, will be sold by the poundmaster on Saturday next.

—The general committee arranging for the reception to Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, will meet at the Philharmonic hall this evening.

—Mrs. R. Fairbairn, sister-in-law of William Fairbairn, boilermaker, of this city, died in Toronto. Her daughter also resides in Victoria.

—Henry Waller and R. Roberts, who will represent the I. O. O. F. of British Columbia at the meeting of the supreme lodge at Chattanooga, Tenn., leave in the morning for that point over the Great Northern railway.

—Very little news was brought from the west coast by the steamer Maude, which arrived last evening. There was a good run of salmon in Clayoquot sound, but not close enough to shore for the packing company. The Maude brought down the first white paper made at the Alberni mill. Among the passengers who came down was Right Rev. Bishop Lemmens.

—The American sealer Louis Olsen arrived in port last night from a cruise to Japanese waters and Behring sea. She only took 84 skins in the sea, but got over 1300 on the Japan side. While in Behring sea she had professor Alexander of the Albatross aboard conducting scientific investigations. Off Race Rocks yesterday three of the crew, who were in a small boat capsized and were nearly drowned. The Sadie brought the Olsen in.

—John D. Davis, special commissioner of the Interstate Fair at Tacoma, is in the city again. He is doing yeoman service in the matter of getting up a British Columbia exhibit. The Hudson Bay Company have promised to send an exhibit of liquors, the salmon canners, headed by Turner, Beeton & Co., will make an exhibit, Shaw & Co. will show Canadian clothing and textile fabrics, James Angus has kindly promised to endeavor to get an exhibit of the products of the British Columbia Sugar Refinery made, and the Brackman & Ker Milling Company will very likely have a display of their products. An effort is being made this afternoon to secure displays from Kurtz & Co., the Victoria-Phoenix and Excelsior breweries, J. H. Falconer, Thorpe & Co., and the Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Company. Walter A. Donaldson, deputy collector of customs of Washington, D. C., who has charge of the foreign exhibits, is also in the city to-day. He had a conference with General Roberts, United States consul, with regard to the clearance of exhibits. He has been explaining the privileges granted in connection with outside displays. There is to be an international jury of awards, and on the general committee will be several British Columbians. Victoria will also be represented on the executive committee of awards, which is a sort of court of final appeal. On British Columbia day, Sept. 22, the steamer Yosemite, commanded by Captain Irving, will carry an excursion from Vancouver to Tacoma. This too was arranged by Mr. Davis.

PRINCE GREGOIRE GALITZIN.

Distinguished Russian Gentleman a Visitor to the City.

Prince Gregoire Galitzin, lieutenant-general and a member of the council of the Russian empire, registered at the Driard last evening. The distinguished gentleman is not accompanied by a retinue of servants nor a private secretary, but he is travelling alone. That he is distinguished is vouched for by a packet of very formidable documents that preceded him to Victoria, requesting the provincial government authorities and local officials to receive him in a manner befitting his rank. The object of this visit here is to inform himself on the spot respecting the chances for foreign and Jewish colonies. The Russian imperial government is particularly interested in the prince's mission, and requested the British government to afford him such facilities as were deemed possible for the furtherance of his undertaking. This request was transmitted to the Ottawa government, from them to the provincial government and then to the city authorities. The [illegible] received similar intimation of the prince's visit. In consequence of this intimation Prince Galitzin was visited this morning by the lieutenant-governor and other gentlemen.

Prince Galitzin speaks half a dozen foreign languages, but he does not know a word of English. Upon his arrival at the hotel he told the clerk who he did and did not wish to see. The members of the press were among the "did nots," and consequently any details of the colonization scheme will be second-handed. Probably, after his departure, some of the officials to whom he confides his secrets will pass them on until they reach the general public.

WANTED—AN EMBEZZLER.

An Absconding Sydneyite Expected on the Warrimoo.

Chief of Police Sheppard is looking forward to the arrival of the Warrimoo from Australia with a great deal of interest. Among the passengers is supposed to be a German named Eberhart, who levanted from Sydney, embezzling $6000 entrusted to his care in a business way. So anxious for his capture are certain people in Sydney that they sent a cablegram around the world to Chief Crowley at San Francisco. Chief Crowley in turn wired to Chief Sheppard, giving him a description of the man. Of course Eberhart may have left the Warrimoo at Suva, Fiji, or at Honolulu, but it is regarded as quite likely that he will come on to Victoria. Promptly upon the arrival of the ship Chief Sheppard will board her and make a search for his man. Few particulars of the case beyond the amount stated were given in the cablegram, because cables come high.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Labor Saved . . .
By using Findley's Soaps. Special attention is called to Findley's Borax Soap for washing flannel wear, they will not shrink or discolor, but be soft and white if washed by this soap.
. . . . WORKS: Cor. Herald and Govt. Sts.

The British Columbia
SUGAR REFINERY
...PRICE LIST...

Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb., bags	4½c. per lb.
Yellow, according to quality	3¾ to 4½c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags	5½c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6c. "

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.
Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.
Consumers do not obtain more wight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

To be Minus a "Good Thing"
One that contributes to your comfort in these days is an error of judgment. This is a simple reminder that an exceptionally "good thing" exists in our
SMYRNA MATS
These are very comfortable and the price is a money-saver for you.
WEILER BROS. 51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

Argyle House.
Great Reduction
....IN....
Grey Flannels
GREY FLANNELS . . .
25c. a yd. reduced to 20c. yd.
GREY FLANNELS . . .
35c. a yd. reduced to 25c. yd.
BED COMFORTERS . .
75 cents each.
GREY BLANKETS . . .
$2.00 a pair.
WHITE BLANKETS . .
$2.25 a pair.
J. Horner & Co.
83 DOUGLAS STREET.

General Steamship Agency.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.	
Allan Line, Laurentian	Sept. 15
Allan Line, Sardinian	Sept. 22
Dominion Line, Labrador	Sept. 15
Dominion Line, Mariposa	Sept. 22
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg	Sept. 12
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	Sept. 19
From New York.	
Cunard Line, Etruria	Sept. 15
Cunard Line, Campania	Sept. 22
White Star Line, Germanic	Sept. 12
White Star Line, Teutonic	Sept. 19
American Line, Berlin	Sept. 12
American Line, New York	Sept. 19
North German Lloyd, Trave	Sept. 15
North German Lloyd, Havel	Sept. 18
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Sept. 15
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Sept. 22
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Sept. 14
Allan State Line, California	Sept. 28

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $15 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER
DANUBE
Meyer Master
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf,
Naas River & Way Ports
Saturday, September 8,
At 8 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.
The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.
June 25. JNO. IRVING, Manager.

GOLDMAN,
The Toronto Tailor
Wishes to announce to the general public that he has opened a Merchant Tailoring establishment at 46 Yates street. His stock consists of the latest importation of Woolens in the most fashionable designs. Prices to be a revelation to people of Victoria. Fit and workmanship guaranteed or money refunded. People desiring to have suits made up of their own cloth will find this the cheapest place in the city.
Suits from $12 up.
Pants from $2.50 up.
Including trimmings. None but white labor employed.
Please note the address.
GOLDMAN, The Toronto Tailor,
aug 29-1m 46 Yates Street.

Butter!
Large consignments arriving weekly by refrigerator car.
J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
35 Yates Street.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Improving Prospects for the Railroads—A Steady Revival Assured.

New York, Sept. 1.—As might have been expected, the Wall Street markets have, during the past week, shown a partial reaction from the advance and activity immediately following the settlement of the tariff question. It was natural that an advance, after such a long period of dullness, should be followed by sales to realize profits. A luxury so long out of reach was seized with prompt avidity; and the consequent decline in prices has been encouraged by the "bear" sales. One fact, however, deserves to be noted as a symptom of the market. The realizing has been mostly by the smaller class of operators, who had bought for a turn upon the prospect of the passage of the tariff bill. The large holders, who have been carrying big lines of stocks, bought around panic times and held ever since, have as yet sold very few stocks. They appear to be of the opinion that the real advance is not to be expected upon the transient sensational effect of the first settlement of this question, but upon the latter effects, arising from the outworkings of the readjustment and the general expansion of business. The starting up of manufacturing and merchanting now apparent on every hand is, with them, a reason for expecting a permanent revival of confidence, an increase in the earnings of the railroads and improving dividends upon corporate capital generally. That, the capitalist holders consider to be the true time for realizing; and, with money still abundant and cheap, they see no reason for parting with property which a few weeks or months hence is likely to be worth much more than it would bring upon large sales to-day. Another motive influencing this class to cling to their holdings is the fact that, owing to the large amount of stock held stagnant through receiverships, this is, and for some time must remain, a comparatively narrow market, not best calculated to draw into Wall Street a large outside interest. The practical significance of this factor is that, until a considerably higher range of prices is reached, the market is likely to be sustained by comparatively light offerings of stocks and by the existence of a very influential class of holders.

The crop reports show improving prospects for the railroads. The latest estimates indicate a probability of fully five hundred million bushels of wheat. Up to the 20th of August, the crop of corn was estimated at about one million and a half bushels; but later weather conditions have encouraged the hope that the yield may prove to be close upon the average. So far as respects transportation interests, the increase in wheat, amounting to something near one hundred million bushels, will probably quite offset any possible falling off in corn; for, relatively, a smaller portion of the corn crop than of the wheat crop is subject to long hauls; and the large increase in the latter crop will have to travel from west to east for export. It therefore would not be surprising if the earnings of the railroads out of this year's crops quite equal those of former years. So far as the crops affect the farming interest and its ability to purchase supplies in the east, the chances are much better than they were much earlier in the season. If the price of wheat is low, yet its yield is now estimated at 25 per cent. greater than last year's; and, for any reduction, of say ten per cent., in the crop of corn, there is, at present, the compensation of an advance over last year's prices of the same date of fully 30 per cent. The farmers' prospects may therefore be reckoned as fully up to the average of late years; which, after all, did not prevent the agricultural sections from suffering much less than any other under the trials of last year.

The reports of the world's crops made at the Vienna fair are here generally regarded as materially underestimating the probable output. The opinion gains ground that the aggregate supply of wheat from all sources will turn out to be the largest in the world's history. Should this prove to be the case, it will afford a valuable help towards the abatement of political discontent and the recovery of depressed industry among the European nations. In England, Germany, France, Belgium, etc., the recovery of trade comes slowly. Large expectations (in England especially) have been built upon the adoption of a lower tariff in this country. It remains to be seen how far the event will justify that hope; but it will, at least for the present, give a stimulus to European industries, and that may possibly suffice to break up the prevailing stagnancy and start old world commerce upon a fresh era of activity.

The enactment of the new tariff has had less effect upon the English market for our securities than had been expected. Take our own market, London has bought moderately on the prospect, and it sold promptly on the advance. British investors have been so discouraged by the recent receiverships of our great railroads, that time must elapse and those events be forgotten before London will become a considerable buyer either for investment or speculation. Here, this is expected; and the effect of this loss of the usual London co-operation has been already discounted and has no further effect on the New York market.

HENRY CLEWS.

SECT OF ASSASSINS.

A Famous Mediaeval Association of Murderers.

The New York Sun says: There is nothing new under the sun, and even those recent deplorable experiences, which seem at first sight unique products of nineteenth century conditions, have their analogues in the past. It cannot have escaped notice that there is a curious likeness between the anarchistic man-slayers of to-day and the famous mediaeval association which sought to acquire power and influence through the terrorism caused by concerted and repeated homicidal attacks upon the representatives of the established political, religious and social order. We refer to the sect of the Assassins, who maintained themselves in western Asia for about a hundred and fifty years, and who resembled the modern anarchists in several essential particulars, to wit, the repudiation of religion and morality, the malign complete isolation of their own organization, and their fanatical devotion to the interests of their secret society and the orders of its chiefs. It is also worthy of remark that these atheistic and anti-social conspirators were only stamped out with difficulty by the combined and desperate endeavors of two great military powers. This secret society, whose members may be described as the mediaeval and Oriental counterparts of the anarchists, was founded by Hassan-ben-Sabbah, a native of Khorassan, who in A. D. 1090 gained possession by stratagem of the great mountain fortress of Alamut in Persia. His followers became known as Assassins, either with reference to the first in allusion to the hashish, an opiate made name of their chief, or, more probably, from the juice of hemp leaves, with which the neophytes were intoxicated. The speculative principles of this sect were to a large extent indentical with those of the so-called Ismaelite heresy: that is to say, the dictates of positive morality and religion were rejected as worthless, the practices of faithful Moslems were derided, the existing political and social systems were discarded, and the one fundamental rule of life imposed on the initiated was unquestioning obedience to the will of their immediate superiors in the hierarchical order. The external policy of this malevolent sect was marked by a peculiar and characteristic feature, namely, the systematic employment of secret assassination against those persons whom its leaders chose to regard as their enemies, among whom monarchs and the principal upholders of the existing social regime would naturally be conspicuous. This practice was introduced by Hassan, the founder and supreme ruler of the organization, who from his place of residence was best known as the Sheikh-ul-Jebal, or Old Man of the Mountains. When a deed of blood was to be done the agents were picked out from the ranks of the young men, or Assassins proper, whose esoteric name was Fedavies, or devoted ones. The selected murderers were made drunk with hashish and introduced into the splendid gardens of the Sheikh, where they were surrounded with every sensual luxury. Such a foretaste of the paradise which, as they believed, could only be attained through the favor of their ruler, made the young men eager to obey his slightest command, and at a word from him they were ready to resign their lives. The Assassins soon made their power felt. One of the earliest victims of their daggers was Nizam-el-Mulk, the vizier of the Sultan Malik-Shah; and the subsequent death by poison of the sultan himself was ascribed to the society. Under the second leader, who succeeded Hassan in A. D. 1124, the sect of manslayers obtained a stronghold in Syria and became an object of more widespread dread a long series of distinguished men being sacrificed, in spite of elaborate precautions, to their invisible and relentless machinations. It was with the Syrian branch of the Assassins that the Crusaders became acquainted; and it was believed to have been the emissaries of the Old Man of the Mountains who murdered Count Raymond of Tripoli and Conrad of Montserrat. The strokes of death, however, continued to be dealt impartially at Moslem and at Christian. The Caliph Mostarschen-ali-Mansur was assassinated in his tent, and soon afterwards the Caliph Rashid met with a similar fate. Nevertheless, against a sovereign of unusual abilities, like Saladin, the sultan of Egypt and Syria, all resources of the secret society were taxed in vain. The proof thus furnished that the Assassins were not invincible prompted the concerted and resolute efforts for their suppression, by which in the thirteenth century they were practically annihilated. It was Hulaku, a brother of Mangu Khan, wielding the forces of the Mongol conquerors of Asia, by whom, in 1256, the Persian stronghold of the homicidal sect was taken, and some twelve thousand members of the society were massacred. A little later the Syrian branch of the Assassins was nearly extirpated by Bilbars, the Mameluke Sultan of Egypt, and the sect, considered as a formidable menace to religion and society, then disappeared, although some survivors lingered in the Syrian mountains, where it is said that descendants of them yet exist. If the record of the sect of the Assassins has any lesson for those who are confronted with their modern counterparts, it is that the dangers to society threatened by an organized society of fanatics eager to risk their own lives, if they may destroy those of others, cannot easily be overrated; and that the extraordinary safeguards now provided or contemplated by several European governments are amply justified.

Mr. Cadd—What did the Count say when he broke your antique vases?

Mrs. Fadd—He apologized in broken English.

Nothing Strange.

Intelligent people, who realize the important part the blood holds in keeping the body in a normal condition, find nothing strange in the number of diseases Hood's Sarsaparilla is able to cure. So many troubles result from impure blood, the best way to treat it is through the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla vitalizes the blood.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation.

Smoke Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco. Made only by D. Ritchie & Co., the only organized "Union" Plug Tobacco Factory in Canada.

Derby Plug

"UNION" MAKE.

ITS SALES ARE

BIG!

CAUGHT A TUNNY.

A Rare Fish for the Pacific Captured at Monterey.

If it should be written that fisherman Pisani at Monterey on Sunday last caught a "scomberold fish," very few would know that one of the rarest catches in all the years of white settlement of the Pacific coast of America had rewarded the grizzled old Pisani.

His catch was a tunny, the second taken along these shores since the records were kept. As the magnificent piscine freebooter laid on a truck in the merchant-street fish market the array of salmon, sturgeon, sea bass and all the rest looked commonplace beside it. The tunny was six feet eight inches from snout to fork of tail, nineteen inches deep through the shoulders and twelve inches thick. It weighed 319 pounds and looked every scale a kingly fish. For cleanness of "run" and dash of figure the other game fish about it were quite outclassed by the visitor from the Mediterranean sea.

Nearly thirty years ago Paladini, who then went down to the sea in ships to fish, caught a tunny off San Francisco heads, but it was comparatively small, weighing only ninety pounds. Even the large specimen is by no means so large as the tunny grows in the Mediterranean where they are often taken ten feet in length and of a thousand pounds weight.

Pisani was fishing a deep drift net last Sunday with the tide off the Chinese camp below Monterey, when he noticed a commotion among the corks of the float-line. Thinking it to be merely a bunch of bonita or rock fish that had been netted together Pisani did not lift his net at once. The corks bobbed less serenely, the float-line was tugged and the whole net seemed to be going out to sea.

Pisani was sure then that a shark or a porpoise had fouled his net, and he began taking it in aboard. Whatever was the cause of the trouble, it was heavy and pulled dead-weight. When the steel-blue back and slashing form of the great tunny could be seen slowly being hauled up through the brine old Pisani was carried right back to his youth on the blue Mediterranean, and the rough fisherman made some noises that were audible on the shore a mile away.

The tunny was nearly drowned when it reached the surface and was hauled out of the sea and into the fishing smack, which was at once set for the shore. Everybody knew Pisani had caught something good, and when the fishing tide had run and the boats all came in the colony of Italians was soon as excited as the lucky possessor of the big fish.

It was carefully wrapped in sacking to save marring, and packed in rice for shipment to San Francisco, where its presence was soon noised about in the Italian quarter, and caused hundreds of the swarthy Latins to visit the market and feast their eyes on the splendid fish that had been familiar to them in earlier days.—Examiner.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and over work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act and amending Acts notice is hereby given that by indenture dated and executed on the 27th day of August, 1894, by Eli Beam, of 130 St. Catharine street, in the city of Victoria, contractor, the said Eli Beam granted and assigned his real and personal property to John Fullerton, of 103 Government street, in the said city of Victoria, boot and shoe merchant, in trust for the creditors of the said Eli Beam.

John Fullerton executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 27th day of August, 1894.

All persons indebted to the said Eli Beam are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith to the said trustee and every person having any claim against the said Eli Beam must send proof and full particulars of same to the said trustee within one month from this date, after which date the said trustee will distribute the assets of the estate, having regard only to claims so sent in.

A meeting of the creditors will be held on Tuesday, the 4th day of September, at 2:30 p.m., at the office of the undersigned.

S. PERRY MILLS, 46 Langley St.
Solicitor for the trustee. aug28-1mo

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG, Proprietor.
my28-4m

Real Estate.

TO Lease—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stables, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, postoffice, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within one and two miles. Price $4,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH; Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly, $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic and Popular Route to the East. Running through Sleepers and Tourist Cars to

MONTREAL,
BOSTON,
TORONTO,
ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLIS,

WITHOUT CHANGE

For rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B. C.
Or to
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. & Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				TONNAGE 1117		
13 knots							
8 30 pm	Lv	Mt	...	*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 20 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	30	Pt.	Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...	Seattle...	38	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...	*Tacoma...	161	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bath-room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. D. STEEVENS,
General Agent,
No. 72 Government Street.

F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, September 29th, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa Thursday, September 20, at p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

For W. WEBSTER, District Agent, Victoria, B. C.
H. E. CONSON, Agent, Nanaimo.
CAPT. WM. SMITH, Agent at Port Simpson.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

Walla Walla . . . Sept. 10

E. E. BLACKWOOD & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 23,

Taking effect June 28th, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 15:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 17th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Ex. Sundays.	No. 3 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	Miles from Wellington.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger Ex. Sundays.	No. 4 Passenger Daily.
	Ar.	Lv.				Lv.	Ar.
	8 00 P M	12 30 P M	VICTORIA			3 00 P M	7 30 A M
	8 20	12 50	BURNSIDE	3		2 38	7 08
	8 26	12 56	GORGE	4		2 32	7 02
	8 30	1 00	SOUTH JUNCTION	5		2 28	6 58
	8 35	1 05	CECIL	6		2 23	6 53
	8 40	1 10	OAK BAY	7		2 18	6 48
	8 45	1 15	FAIRFIELD	8		2 13	6 43
	8 50	1 20	CLOVERDALE	9		2 08	6 38
	8 55	1 25	TORMOREX	10		2 03	6 33
	9 00	1 30	HILLSIDE	11		1 58	6 28
	9 05	1 35	QUADRA ST.	12		1 53	6 23
	9 10	1 40	COLLINSON ST.	13		1 48	6 18
	9 14	1 44	GLEANER	14		1 44	6 14
	9 20	1 50	HOLLAND	15		1 38	6 08
	9 25	1 55	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	17		1 33	6 03
	9 35	2 05	COBBLE HILL	20		1 23	5 53
	9 45	2 15	COWICHAN	23		1 13	5 43
	9 55	2 25	KOKSILAH	26		1 03	5 33
	10 05	2 35	DUNCANS	29		12 53	5 23
	10 15	2 45	SAHTLAM	32		12 43	5 13
	10 25	2 55	OYSTER BAY SIDING	35		12 33	5 03
	10 35	3 05	NANAIMO	38		12 23	4 53
	A. M.	P. M.	WELLINGTON			P. M.	P. M.

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

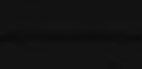
Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncan's or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER



JOAN

J. R. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 5, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:00 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, returning on Mondays at 9:00 p.m. same days, affording passengers with ample time points on lake on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
103 Government Street.

Private entrance for Females. Strictly business. Strictly confidential.

LUMBER SCHEDULE.

New Tariff Will Improve Lumber Business of Washington.

There has been much controversy going on in this vicinity as to the effect of the new tariff upon the lumber interests of the State of Washington, says the Seattle Telegraph. The prevailing tariff has eliminated all duty on foreign lumber and it is admitted free of duty at all United States points. Rank protectionists claim that the old duty should have been retained in the tariff, and since it no longer exists put on lugubrious faces and predict only ruin and disaster to one of Washington's chief industries. Others believe the removal of the imposition will in no particular circumscribe the limits of our lumbermen, and that "no pent up Utica can restrain our powers, for the boundless world is ours."

To admit that our great and remunerative lumber interests are in jeojardy is to fly in the face of facts, which speak much louder than words, or the reckless imaginings of those who are either ignorant of the situation or too bigoted to be convinced by the truth.

With the view of feeling the pulse of the lumber industry, in so far as it has been affected, or might be affected by the withdrawal of government protection, Mr. C. D. Stimson, president of the Stimson mill company of Ballard, was visited, with the view of ascertaining his opinion upon the subject. We venture to say that Mr. Stimson presides over the largest mill company on this side of Puget Sound, and it is second to none in size and capacity. Last year the mills of the Stimson company cut 67,300,000 shingles, 22,800,000 feet of lumber and 7,600,000 laths. On Tuesday night the schooner Lena Swazey cleared with four hundred thousand feet of fir lumber from these mills and the William Renton, now loading, will to-day clear with 650,000 feet for California points. This will give a faint idea of the establishment and its productive power.

President Stimson was deep in the meshes of some arithmetical proposition when the reporter entered his cosy office. In reply to the question "How will the new tariff affect the lumber interests of Washington?" Mr. Stimson said:

"The present price of lumber is so exceedingly low that it would appear impossible to injure it in the least, and I am very strongly of the opinion that the new tariff which has just passed through congress will not injure our interests in the least, for the reason that it is only the amount of lumber that is shipped coastwise, that is, by vessels to California and other points, about twenty per cent. of the entire cut, which could in any way possible be affected by British Columbia competition. Possibly ten per cent. is shipped annually by rail to Montana, Dakota, Minesota and as far east as Illinois, which will in no wise be influenced by Canadian competition."

"How about the remainder of the lumber cut?"

"I was about saying that of the entire cut 70 per cent. goes to foreign markets. Now, the lumbermen have for a long time shipped about that amount to foreign countries and this as against competition and a natural prejudice against this country and in favor of British Columbia, growing out of the prohibitory nature of our general tariff which shut the door to the introduction and marketing of their goods in this country. Our new tariff will undoubtedly, I firmly believe, remove this prejudice and put the Washington lumber interests on as good footing as that enjoyed by our British Columbia neighbors.

"Then I judge we may expect increased exportation of lumber to Australia and other points?"

"It looks that way, and why not? We sell them our lumber and they sell us their wool. Thus is reciprocity exemplified in its broadest character. We on the sound naturally favor Australia as against Ohio, in a business sense, because we sell large quantities of lumber here."

"It is claimed that the British Columbia mills can produce more cheaply than we can?"

"I have heard that statement made. Permit me to say that I have been in many mills in British Columbia and all the mills here, and have seen none across the border that Puget Sound mills could not compete with successfully as there is practically no difference in the cost of labor or logs, and I know that more logs have been sold by us to British Columbia mills than those sold by them to our mills."

"What amount of logs have we sold to Canadian lumbermen?"

"Quite a large raft of logs was sold right here in Salmon Bay to a Vancouver, B. C., mill a short time since, and towed at an expense of 90 cents per thousand feet to destination. If the lumbermen of British Columbia can get logs so much cheaper there than we can on this side of the line, why the necessity for buying here?"

"Are they good buyers of our logs?"

"This is the third or fourth boom sold to British Columbia lumbermen within the last ninety days."

"Is there any difference in timber as between Washington and British Columbia?"

"There is no difference in quality of the logs. We do claim that our logs are better than Gray's Harbor logs, but not better than those of British Columbia."

"Is timber land in British Columbia more expensive than our timber land?"

"In my opinion it is not, as here we can buy the land, so that our timber would cost no more than timber does there, and, besides, we would have the land left after we got through logging. In British Columbia the lumbermen can buy timber only."

"Please name the foreign markets in which we compete against British Columbia?"

"They are Australia, which is the largest market for Puget Sound lumber, then China, Japan, Honolulu, Mexico and Norway, and our lumbermen have reached out as far as South Africa after business and have already made some shipments of lumber to that country."

"You have confined yourself entirely to lumber matters. Please say what will be the effect of the tariff on the shingle industry?"

"As far as the shingle industry is concerned we do not fear competition, as the British Columbia manufacturer has all this season received more money for his shingles in Canadian markets than we have realized in our own markets. As far as relates to cedar lumber we may rest contented, for the reason that the new tariff entirely ignores it."

"Please explain?"

"There is no reference to cedar lumber whatever in the new tariff."

"Then the new tariff, as far as it relates to the lumber and shingle interests, is a blessing in disguise?"

"It has not and cannot hurt us; on the contrary, I expect for the lumber and shingle trade the best possible results."

THE LOWER MAINLAND.

Items of Interest from Westminster and Vancouver.

Vancouver, Sept. 6.—The following were elected an executive committee at the meeting of the Conservative association to-night: J. J. Godfrey, J. F. Garden, J. W. Campion, R. W. Tatlow, H. H. Watson, G. W. Campbell, F. Cope, W. J. Bowser, R. A. Anderson, A. Williams, W. Downie, H. H. Spicer and Captain Preston; representing the labor unions—W. M. Wilson, W. S. Dickinson, W. F. Rammage, F. Gladwin, Angus McAllister, G. W. Thomas and W. A. Johnston.

The city council recently submitted a by-law to the people for the purpose of raising $60,000 for street improvements, etc. The by-law was voted down. Six thousand dollars of the money was for the purchase of rails to be laid on Hastings street. The rails were ordered, and as the by-law did not pass there was no money to pay for them. They arrived yesterday, and a special meeting of the council was called, as Contractor McGillivray would not go on with the work unless the matter was arranged. It was finally decided to call a meeting of the health and finance committee on Friday in order to obtain their consent to the employment of the surplus on legal expense account towards discharge for the purchase of the rails. The contractor was requested to go on with his work, as payment would be forthcoming.

The Westminster Presbytery held their first Sunday School convention at St. Andrew's church, opening yesterday. Seventeen schools were represented. The following officers were appointed for the ensuing year: Rev. J. A. Logan, Chilliwack, president; James McQueen, Vancouver, vice-president; Rev. J. W. McMillan, Vancouver, secretary; and the Revs. Chestnut, Maxwell, Magee and J. Buchanan, and Messrs. J. B. Kennedy, D. Symington, R. T. F. Granger, A. C. Hederson, Mrs. McElmon and Miss C. Fraser, executive committee. Rev. E. D. McLaren delivered the address of welcome.

The funeral of W. Jamieson took place yesterday. He was a pioneer bridge builder of the province, coming here 15 years ago. The cause of his death was exposure during the recent floods while in the discharge of his duty.

The secretary of the Canadian Co-operative Colony is being flooded with applications. The colony have purchased a thousand fish barrels and have engaged coopers to construct barrels at the colony. The curing and barreling of fish will be gone into on an extensive scale. Fishing nets and provisions are going forward by the next boat.

New Westminster, Sept. 6.—The celebration committee met last night and decided to offer a gold medal for the champion quoit thrower of British Columbia.

Active preparations are being made for the reception of Hon. Mr. Laurier, and his visit is eagerly looked forward to by all classes.

Hop picking has commenced at Agassiz. The crop is a good one.

The Queen's hotel, which has been closed for several months, will be re-opened on Saturday. The new manager will be B. Wrede.

The Anglo-American Gold and Platinum company announce that no more shares will be available. This means a close corporation. The share capital is all subscribed.

Professor Colter arrived from Charlottetown, P. E. I., yesterday. He will assume the calssical chair in the Columbia Methodist college here.

"Consistency," remarked the fly, "may be a jewel, but I fail to see it."

He made one more effort to advance through the molasses into which he had wandered and then abandoned hope.

Simpson, Strickland & Co

DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders

KINGDON TRADE MARK

SOLE MAKERS OF

Kingdon's Patent Machinery,

—FOR—

STEAM LAUNCHES, ELECTRIC LIGHT and AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE

First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

RUPTURE More CURES Have been effected by my method than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome **DEFORMITY** Ill. book free CHARLES CLUTHE, 194 King St. W., Toronto.

Attention

In time to any irregularity of the Stomach, Liver, or Bowels may prevent serious consequences. Indigestion, costiveness, headache, nausea, biliousness, and vertigo indicate certain functional derangements, the best remedy for which is Ayer's Pills. Purely vegetable, sugar-coated, easy to take and quick to assimilate, this is the ideal family medicine—the most popular, safe, and useful aperient in pharmacy. Mrs. M. A. Brockwell, Harris, Tenn., says:

"Ayer's Cathartic Pills cured me of sick headache and my husband of neuralgia. We think there is

No Better Medicine,

and have induced many to use it.

"Thirty-five years ago this spring, I was run down by hard work and a succession of colds, which made me so feeble that it was an effort for me to walk. I consulted the doctors, but kept sinking lower until I had given up all hope of ever being better. Happening to be in a store, one day, where medicines were sold, the proprietor noticed my weak and sickly appearance, and, after a few questions as to my health, recommended me to try Ayer's Pills. I had little faith in these or any other medicine, but concluded, at last, to take his advice and try a box. Before I had used them all, I was very much better, and two boxes cured me. I am now 80 years old; but I believe that if it had not been for Ayer's Pills, I should have been in my grave long ago. I buy 6 boxes every year, which make 20 boxes up to this time, and I would no more be without them than without bread."—H. H. Ingraham, Rockland, Me.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

The Very Finest Lithographic Printing In Victoria Done Only By The Victoria Lithographic Company. Prices In Harmony With The Times. Artistic Work In Quantities Does Not Cost More Than Letter-Press Printing.

America....

...Photographed

The last number of which was offered to our readers last week has been well received. There is still a demand for the complete set of Portfolios, and to a limited extent we will be able to fill orders. There has been a surplus, more or less large, of each number, which we will continue to offer at the old price of 10 cents each until the stock is disposed of. Sent by mail to any address.

The Times, Victoria, B.C.

Where Do You Advertise?

Do you advertise (God save the mark!) on the backs of restaurant bills of fare? Do you put a card in the book "For the benefit of the fire department?" Do you subscribe for the "Industrial Progress" book and have your picture in it as a prominent business man? Does the "Society" programme catch you? Are you susceptible to the blandishments of the gentleman who puts beautiful charts in all the railway stations?

Do you take "a space—the only one left," in the thousand and one schemes that come around every year? Do you suppose you ever got a cent's worth of benefit out of any ten dollars you ever spent that way?

If all the dollars that are diverted from the newspapers into these and similar channels, were used in buying space in the best paper in town, there would be fewer merchants who say that advertising is a doubtful undertaking. There's nothing doubtful about it. It is as sure as any other business transaction. The funny part of it is that it is generally given less attention than any other department of a business.

The contract once made and the space decided upon, the average advertiser's interest seems to die. Even a neglected ad in a good paper will do some good in spite of the advertiser's apathy. A good advertisement will always bring profitable returns if it is placed in a paper whose price for space is based on an honest circulation statement.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the "Trustees and Executors Act" that all persons having any claim against the estate of George Henry Rammage, deceased, late of H. M. S. Royal Arthur, who died at Esquimalt, B. C., on 10th June, 1894, and of whose estate William Harrison was on 18th August, inst., appointed administrator by the Supreme Court of British Columbia, are hereby required to send particulars of such claims to me on or before 20th November, 1894, after which date the assets of the said deceased will be disbursed amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which notice shall have then been received.

Dated August 24th, 1894.

LINDLEY CREASE,
16 Chancery Lane, Victoria, B.C.
Solicitor for above named administrator.
aug25-1mo

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail. Before. After. LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. aug2

PENNYROYAL WAFERS

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating these diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Perfectly safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. For sale by Langley & Co., Victoria. aug17

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Lot 1 of Section 11, Beckley Farm, (Map 231) Victoria City.

Whereas the certificate of title of Catherine Hots to the above hereditaments bearing date the 19th day of May, 1891, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate. Notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof. S. T. WOOTTON, Deputy-Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 16th August, 1894. a17-1m

NEW FALL GOODS ARRIVING DAILY!

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS,
97 JOHNSON STREET.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AMERICAN POLITICIANS.

More Republican Senators Reported to be Edging Towards Populism.

Anti-Breckinridge Fight in Kentucky—Waite Nominated in Colorado.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Senator Stewart of Nevada, in commenting on the report that his colleague's recent affiliation with the Populists, was due to the fact that Congressman Newlan, the millionaire son-in-law of ex-Senator Sharon, wanted to succeed him in the senate, said to a reporter last night: "Senator Jones left the Republican party because of its gold standard ideas, and because he thought that monometallism was ruining the country. The Newlan yarn is made out of the whole cloth. There will be more changes shortly. Senator Miller of Colorado, is in a tight place, and may come into the Populist ranks. I am looking for accessions in other quarters also. Nebraska will in all probability have a silver senator to succeed Manderson. The people in the west are making the silver question more and more an issue and the paramount issue will not be so much democracy or republicanism as will be bimetallism first and foremost."

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 7.—The supporters of Owens and Settle in the fight against Breckinridge held their final conferences in that city yesterday. The Owens meeting was a surprise in its strength. There were in attendance about twenty prominent politicians, amongst whom were Col. Clay of Paris, J. A. Crab, of Eminence; J. S. Wilson, of Lagrange; Ed. P. Farrell and Judge George Kincaid of Lexington; D. L. Thornton and R. S. Herner of Georgetown. "There is no doubt," said one of the leaders, "of Mr. Owens' nomination and by an overwhelming majority. He will carry at the very lowest six out of the eight counties." The Settle meeting was largely attended and his friends are claiming his nomination. It is now generally believed that Settle will get more votes than Breckinridge and be second in the race. There are more than a hundred anti-Breckinridge men at the Latonia race track, and preparations have been made for a special train to carry them to Cynthiana, Paris and Lexington on the night of September 14, so that they can vote for Owens early enough Saturday to return to Latonia before the races begin. The voters are owners, trainers, helpers and book-makers. Col. W. Barnes, one of the judges, will join the party. Wm. Woodward and Thomas Moore, well-known owners, will go home to work for Breckinridge. Racehorse-men are very bitter toward Breckinridge because he is alleged to have said that they have no brains, and were gambling scoundrels." It is said that horsemen at Latonia alone will raise $25,000 to be used against Breckinridge.

Pueblo, Col., Sept. 7.—Pandemonium broke loose in the Populist state convention almost as soon as it was called to order at 9:15 to-day. The majority report of the committee on credentials favored seating the Waite delegates from Denver and the Barela delegates from Las Animas county. Thomas M. Patterson, leader of the opposition to Waite, endeavored to speak. The convention refused to hear him until the majority report of the credentials committee had been adopted with a hurrah. A motion was then carried allowing Patterson five minutes to address the convention. Patterson said that nothing he could say in five minutes would make any impression upon the delegates, and he would therefore simply enter the protest of the minority. Ed. Holden, anti-Waite, attempted to speak, but was howled down. Thereupon the Patterson delegation from Denver left the hall, followed by about a dozen other delegates.

Governor Waite was re-nominated on the first ballot, receiving all but eight votes, which were given to Congressman Pence. The nomination was made unanimous. A committee of ladies was appointed to escort Waite to the hall, and Miss Phoebe Couzins introduced him. He was greeted with tremendous cheering.

PERSONAL.

A. C. Martin is out of the Jubilee hospital.

Geo. H. Morkill returned from the Sound this morning.

D. M. Eberts, M.P.P, has gone to Harrison Hot Springs

Gunner J. McRobbie returned from Ottawa last evening.

Hon. F. G. Vernon returned last evening from the Mainland.

W. McColl and A. McQueen, of Vancouver, are at the Driard.

J. C. Pitts, of Donald, and H. Connacher, of Golden, are at the Oriental.

W. H. Ellis and W. L. Redmond go over to the Mainland in the morning.

Lionel Webber arrived home last night from an extended trip to England.

D. J. Munn, John Hendry and Alex Ewen came over from the Mainland last evening.

Forest Lippencott, of Boston, is at the Driard. So is John C. Campbell, of Montreal.

Miss E. J. Duffie, late of the Stanley House, has arrived from the east to take charge of the millinary department of the Lansdowne House, 89 Yates street.

A. Vaiois, a prominent avocat of Paris, who with his wife arrived here on the Empress, left for the south last night over the Northern and Southern Pacifics.

Capt. Ellis and Miss Ellis, of San Francisco, who arrived from a tour around the world by the Empress of China yesterday, left last night over the Northern Pacific for Spokane.

Dr. S. J. Call, U.S.N., surgeon of the U. S. steamer Rush, is here visiting Mrs. Agnew, a sister whom he has not seen since childhood. He says the Rush will very likely be here on Monday.

Mrs G. W. Withington and family, Mrs. P. Ball and the Misses Dauch, of Portland, are spending a couple of days in the city and are guests at the Driard. Mrs. Withington is the wife of the cashier of the First National Bank of Portland.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals.

THE CUE.

THREE WEEKS' TOURNEY.

New York, Sept. 7.—Jacob Schaefer has endorsed the proposition made by billiardist Wm. Spinks, his playing partner, for a tournament of the western stop champions in this city in October, to boom local billiards here. The project is broached in a letter to Maurice Daly, that the New York Star received on Monday. Spinks suggests a sweepstake tourney, each man to put up $250 entrance fee to play games of 300 of 400 points at 14-inch balk line for money prizes, and gate receipts. He thinks that the Brunswick company could offer an appropriate emblem to be played for every thirty days, and suggests that "Old Cologne" Sexton, Edward McLaughlin, Tom Gallagher, Frank Maggioli, himself and probably Randolph Heiser, as competitors. New York has never had a short tourney, and Schaefer has said that he believes it could be made to pay if held it Daly's academy, under Daly's management. Such a tourney would furnish entertainment for the billiard lovers for three weeks hand running. Maggioli adds a suggestion that the first prize be $750 and the second $500, with the gate money divided into four purses of 40, 30, 20 and 10 per cent.

THE RING.

DEMPSEY AND McCARTHY.

New Orleans, Sept. 6.—Jack Dempsey and Billy McCarthy, of Australia, fought a draw battle last night in the arena of the Auditorium Athletic club before a large audience. Both men were carefully trained and entered the ring promptly at 9 o'clock followed by their seconds. Each received a fair share of applause, but the greeting to Dempsey clearly showed that his friends were in the majority. The contest was confined to twenty rounds. John Duffy was referee. Dempsey was first to enter, fixing the scales himself. He weighed 146 pounds and McCarthy weighed 151 pounds. From the eighth until the twentieth round Dempsey did all the execution, but he could not knock out his game opponent. The purse of $2,000 was divided.

Billy McCarthy is a very poor fighter. When he came to this country about six years ago Dempsey whipped him in twenty-eight rounds, and the two went on a tour, visiting Seattle and other towns on the Coast and giving sparring exhibitions. Fitzsimmons whipped McCarthy in nine rounds, and Aleck Greggains, who can't fight much, also defeated him.

JACK EVERHART CHALLENGES McAULIFFE.

St. Louis, Sept. 5.—In a letter to a local paper Jack Everhart, champion lightweight of England, at present in Louisiana, authorizes the issuance of a challenge to fight Jack McAuliffe at 133 pounds, for $2,500 a side and the lightweight championship of America. If McAuliffe refuses to meet him Everhart says the challenge will apply to Horace Leeds, of Philadelphia, or any 130-pound man in the world.

WAS A GOOD FIGHT.

New Orleans, Sept. 7.—The unanimous opinion of those who saw the Dempsey-McCarthy fight Wednesday night at the Auditorium club was that a better twenty-round mill had never taken place in the country. Had the contest been awarded on points scored, Dempsey would have won in a walk, as he walked around the Australian like a cooper round a barrel, and planted his gloves whenever and wherever he willed. His work was done principally with his right after the third round, as he sustained a painful injury to his left arm above the wrist at the same place where it had been broken in the fight with "Reddy" Gallagher. McCarthy overtowered Dempsey in height and had nine pounds the advantage in weight, but he was completely outgeneraled and never had a chance from the start to the finish. He put up the gamest fight witnessed here for years, however, and was always ready for a mix. He was by no means a whipped man at the end of the contest and was good for another five rounds before the incessant jabbing by Dempsey would have put him out.

YACHTING.

PRESS COMMENTS.

London, Sept. 6.—The Evening Post says: "It must be universally admitted that the Britannia is faster than the Vigilant, having defeated her in every kind of weather. All true sportsmen agree that the contests were fought honestly and squarely, despite some American press comments which are liable to injure the cause of international racing. Mr. Gould and the New York club will not indorse these comments. Mr. Gould has gained many friends here and all will regard him as a first class sportsman, whilst the manner of leading yachtsmen on the other side when they dealt with the last challenge for the America's cup showed it was their aim to bring the yachtsmen of both countries closer together and promote international racing. We trust the American yachtsmen will continue their annual visits, thereby improving the sport of yachting."

GOULD'S OPINION.

London, Sept. 6.—In an interview published to-day Howard Gould said he did not believe that the Vigilant struck a rock in her voyage to Cowes. The chart showed plainly five fathoms of water where the accident occurred. He did not blame the pilot. The sloop had a nasty voyage and the board must have been strained.

THE TURF.

PACING RECORD BROKEN.

Indianapolis, Sept. 6.—To-day Robert J. broke the world's pacing record, travelling a mile in 2:02 1-2.

FALL MEETING.

There are a number of horses at the driving park preparing for the fall meeting to be held on September 14th and 15th. The track is already in good condition, and horsemen are figuring on some lively races. Dick Turpin arrived over from Vancouver last night to take part.

LACROSSE.

FOR WESTMINSTER.

The Victoria lacrosse team leave to-morrow morning for New Westminster prepared to play one of the stubbornest matches of the season. They will go by the Charmer so as to get a few hours' rest before the match. The Yosemite will leave at 7:30 a.m., when it is expected many hundred Victorians will take advantage of the cheap rate, $1.50 for the round trip, to witness the match and encourage the Victoria boys on the field. The team will be chosen from the following players: W. Jackson, W. H. Cullin, Ross Eckardt, T. R. Cusack, A. E. Macnaughton, C. L. Cullin, F. Cullin, W. Ditchburn, W. P. Blight, A. Belfry, D. M. Patterson, R. Williams and F. Williams. W. H. Clark will be field captain. Westminster will play the same team as faced Victoria in the last match, with the exception of Dalgleish and one of the Peele boys.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

SEALERS WILL ACCEPT.

Rather Than Wait Longer They Will Accept $425,000 for Losses.

The sealers of Victoria who are entitled to damages from the United States government for illegal seizures in Behring sea and elsewhere have held with Minister Tupper at Ottawa their acceptance of the offer of $425,000 for immediate settlement in full, made by Secretary Gresham. In his letter to the sealers in connection with the matter Sir Hibbert Tupper asked them officially if they would accept. Although it was considerably short of the amount claimed by them, the sealers thought best to accept. This they did, and it is believed that within five or six months the money will be paid over. The reply will be transmitted to Washington, and in December an administrative measure concerning the matter will be presented to congress. There is no doubt whatever about its passage, and it is believed that the money will be paid in January. An immense amount of detail as to the apportionment of the money has got to be worked out. In the Alabama case actual losses were paid first, and when they were settled consequential losses were taken up and paid. In this case the same plan will very likely be followed. The $425,000 will exceed the actual losses.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Miss U G Crocker, G M Perdue, G H Markell, J Regan, Miss McNaught, P Grebatu, G A Ridduck, Jas Nelon, F Kandall, Fred Jackson, Dr S Call, John S Davis, W A Donaldson.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—W & Robson, J H Todd & Co, S M Hartman, Fred Carne jr, Sayward Mill and Timber Co, Yondall & Sinclair, Ross Hall & Co, Hudson's Bay Co.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

TENDERS WANTED.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders are required for the erection of Electric Power House for the City of Victoria. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the undersigned, with whom tenders must be deposited, by 4 p.m. on Monday, 10th September, 1894.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. C. M. KEITH,
Architect.

Notice to Carpenters and Others.

Tenders are required for a two-story frame dwelling on Prince's street, James Bay. Tenders to be delivered at 39 1-2 Government street by 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday next, September 12th, 1894. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
sep6 Architect.

Notice to Contractors and Others.

Tenders are required for the erection of certain frame buildings at Saanich. Tenders to be delivered at 39 1-2 Government street on Monday, next, September 10th, 1894, up to 12 o'clock noon.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted

J. GERHARD TIARKS, Architect.

AMUSEMENTS.

CHEAP : EXCURSION!

—TO—

The Greatest Lacrosse Match Of the Season!

VICTORIA VS. NEW WESMINSTER.

Saturday Next, September 8.

The C. P. N. Co.'s Steamer

"YOSEMITE"

will run to New Westminster on Saturday morning next, leaving at 7:30 a.m., returning as soon as the match is finished.

FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP, $1.50.

sep4 JOHN IRVING, Manager.

AUCTION SALES.

GEORGE BYRNES,

AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

—OF—

Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes,

ETC., ON

MONDAY, SEPT. 10TH, AT 11 A.M.

I have been instructed by the Assignee of Barry & Crossan, Northfield, to sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, a large assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, AND CLOTHING,

Men's, Women's and Children's Boots, Patent Medicines, Scents, Hardware, Pipes, Stationery, etc., etc., being the contents of a well assorted stock. Inspection invited.

A fine driving horse, harness and spring wagon. Also a splendid buggy that can be used for two or 4.

G. BYRNES,
Auctioneer.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Stuffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

EXCELSIOR : BREWERY!

(LATE FAIRALL'S)

O'BRIEN & VARRELMANN,
Proprietors.

The New Brew

Will Be Ready for Delivery
SATURDAY MORNING.

DON'T FAIL TO SAMPLE IT

GROCERIES.

PLUMS FOR PRESERVING

CRAB APPLES . . .

...All Local Growth.

FRUIT JARS AND

VANCOUVER SUGAR

...At Lowest Prices.

Erskine, Wall & Co

COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

Cash Grocery

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Cod Fish, per case, 7c. per lb.
Cod Fish, 8c. per lb.
Red Herrings, 25c. per box. (SMALL)
Red Herrings, 25c. per box. (LARGE)
Scotch Herrings, $2 per kit.
Colachans, $1.25 per kit.
Mackerel, $2 per kit.
Mackerel, per lb., 10c.

R. H. JAMESON & CO.,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

CASH....

We import direct, do business under small expense and sell at Rock Bottom Figures..... Best Groceries, Agate Ware, Mason Preserve Jars, Oil Lamp Stores, Etc..... Cars of Hungarian Flour, Wheat and Middlings just arrived.....

WE QUOTE.....

Ogilvie's Hungarian Flour $4.50 per bbl.
Vancouver Gran. Sugar... $4.75 per cwt.
Wheat..... $1.25 per cwt.

Give us a call at 261 Douglas Street.

JOHNS BROS.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.

The 40th Drawing for an Appropriation in connection with the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street (opposite View) on Saturday, 8th September, 1894, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order,

A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.

NOTICE

The Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co'y.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the third day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated Victoria, September 1st, 1894.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
s1-td Secretary.

NOTICE

The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the third day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated Victoria, September 1st, 1894.

CHAS E. POOLEY,
s1-td Secretary.

PUBLIC MEETING.

The ratepayers are respectfully requested to attend a public meeting to be held in the City Hall on Saturday next, the 8th inst., at 8 p.m., for the purpose of discussing matters connected with the water supply of the city.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

Victoria, B. C., September 5th, 1894.

POLITICAL MEETING...

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier,

Leader of the Liberal Party, and others, will address a PUBLIC MEETING in the MARKET HALL, Victoria, on

Monday Evening, Sept. 10th,

on the Political issues of the day. Seats will be reserved for ladies. Chair taken at 8 o'clock.

POLITICAL MEETING,

AT SAANICHTON.

HON. MR. LAURIER

Will speak in the Agricultural Hall, Saanichton, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 11, on Dominion Political issues. Chair taken at 8 o'clock. A train will leave Victoria on the V. & S. Railway at 7 o'clock, and Sidney at 7:45. After the meeting the train will return to Sidney and thence to Victoria, conveying all who wish to attend to and from Saanichton.

$10 Reward

The above reward will be paid to any one giving information of parties stealing lamps off our mark on sewerage contracts on conviction of said parties before police magistrate.

s5-1w HARRISON & WALKLEY.

Accurately adjusted.

P. W. KOLTZ & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivotts Wheels, 25 cts; Mainsprings, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts; Jewelry repaired on short notice, and guaranteed, at very low figures.